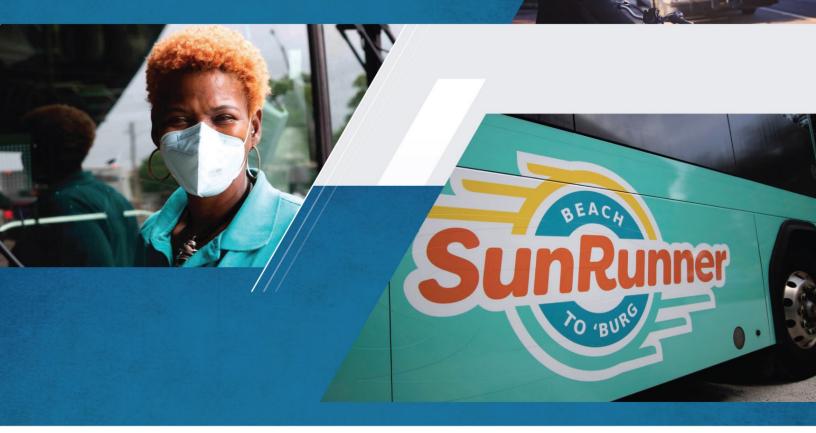


COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

for the fiscal years ending September 30, 2020 and 2019





Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority St. Petersburg, Florida

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

Vision

To be the people's first choice for transportation and a driving force for social, environmental, and economic vitality in the community through innovation and partnership.

Our Mission

To safely connect people to places.

Prepared by the Finance Department

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTION I - INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
Transmittal Letter	2
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	
Organization Chart	
Elected and Appointed Officials	
Directory of Officials	13
SECTION II - FINANCIAL SECTION	
Report of Independent Auditor	15
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)	18
Basic Financial Statements:	
Statements of Net Position	27
Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position	28
Statements of Cash Flows	29
Notes to Financial Statements	30
SECTION III - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)	
Schedule of Changes in Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios	64
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – Pension Plans	65
Schedule of Contributions – Pension Plans	66
SECTION IV - STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)	
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Components (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	70
Changes in Net Position (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	71
Revenues by Function/Program (FY 2011- FY 2020)	72
Expenses by Function/Program (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	73
Property Tax Revenue by Year (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	76
Revenue Capacity:	
Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	78
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	79

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

<u>I</u>	Page
Principal Property Taxpayers (FY 2020 and Nine Years Ago)	80
Property Tax Levies and Collections (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	81
Farebox Recovery Percentage (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	82
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographics, Population and Economic Statistics (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	84
Principal Employers (FY 2020 and Nine Years Ago)	85
Operating Information:	
Bus Service Effort and Accomplishments Per Mile (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	87
Bus Service Effort and Accomplishments Per Hour (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	88
Unlinked Passenger Changes (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	89
Vehicles Operated in Maximum Service (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	90
Number of Employees (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	91
Miscellaneous Statistical Data (FY 2011 - FY 2020)	92
SECTION V - REGULATORY SECTION	
Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	94
Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Project and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, <i>Rules of the Auditor General</i> of the State of Florida	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	98
Summary Schedule of Prior Year Findings	100
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	101
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance	103
Independent Auditor's Management Letter	104
Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Policies	106

SECTION I INTRODUCTORY SECTION



Transmittal Letter

March 31, 2021

Pat Gerard, Board Chair and Members of the Board of Directors of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority and Citizens of our Service Area

Dear Board Chair, Board Members and Citizens:

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority (PSTA or Authority) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

State law requires that all independent special districts publish each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report has been compiled and prepared by the Authority's management. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Authority has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the Authority's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the Authority's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The Authority's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Cherry Bekaert LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the Authority's basic financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Authority for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and any significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Authority's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is presented in three sections: Introductory, Financial and Statistical. The Introductory section consists of this letter of transmittal that provides an overview of the Authority, economic environment, financial performance, and other pertinent financial information.

The Financial Section includes the Independent Auditors' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), the basic financial statements and notes thereto, and required supplementary information.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditors' report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The Statistical Section sets forth financial trends, revenue capacity, demographic, and economic and operating information.

The Authority is also required by federal and state regulations to undergo an audit of federally and state funded programs that it administers. The standards governing the Single Audit engagement require the independent auditor to report on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each major federal and state program. The reports related specifically to the Single Audit are within the regulatory section of this document.

Profile of the Authority

The Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority was created in 1984 via a merger of the St. Petersburg Municipal Transit System and the Central Pinellas Transit Authority to provide Pinellas County with a cohesive public transit system. Today, a fleet of 194 buses and 16 trolleys serve 42 fixed routes including two express routes to Hillsborough County.

Pinellas County is 280 square miles with approximately 970,637 residents. Pinellas County is located along the west coast of Florida and includes a corridor of smaller beach communities along the Gulf of Mexico. Pinellas County is the second smallest county in the state of Florida; however, it is the most densely populated county in the state and is nearly three times more densely populated than the next closest county. The Authority serves most of the unincorporated area and 19 of the County's 24 municipalities. This accounts for approximately 98% of the county's population and 97% of its land area. The cities of St. Pete Beach, Treasure Island, Kenneth City, Belleair Beach, and Belleair Shore are not members of the Authority; however, St. Pete Beach and Treasure Island do contract for trolley service.

During fiscal year 2020, the Authority directly operated vehicles traveled a total of 8.1 million revenue miles, providing approximately 590,590 hours of service, and 10.2 million passenger trips.

Operating expenses are covered primarily through ad valorem taxes, state and federal funds and passenger fares.

Officials

The Authority is governed by a board of directors comprised of thirteen elected officials, and two non-elected officials, one of which is appointed by the Pinellas County Board of Commissioners and the other by the St. Petersburg City Council.

Services and Service Delivery

The Authority provides virtually all public transportation services in Pinellas County. These services include fixed route, demand response, and specialized services. The Authority maintains over 4,382 bus stops, 659 shelters, 14 transfer hubs, 4 customer service centers, and a fleet of 210 fixed route vehicles.

Persons with disabilities who are unable to use regular bus service may be eligible for an ADA paratransit specialized service. Paratransit services provide people with disabilities, including veterans, with rides to

doctors' appointments, work, school, and other critical destinations. This curb-to-curb service is tailored for those who because of their disability are unable to independently use PSTA's regular accessible buses.

In FY 2020, using discretionary grant award funds from the Federal Transit Administration, PSTA built on a pilot service for same day curb to curb service for paratransit customers within 20 minutes of the request for service. This gives passengers the opportunity to take a same day trip they could not plan for in advance, such as for urgent medical, getting a sick child home from school, or when doctor, grocery or social outings take longer than anticipated.

PSTA continues to operate the Direct Connect Program that allows riders to use providers such as Uber, United Taxi or Wheelchair Transport to travel within a specific geographic zone to or from a series of 24 popular designated stops. From there, riders connect with the regular PSTA public transit system. PSTA was the first in the country to partner mass transit with ride hailing providing higher quality mobility in areas where it doesn't make sense to run public transit.

Using existing programs, including Direct Connect, PSTA was able to establish an Essential Workers Program during the COVID-19 pandemic for employers whose employees rely on the bus, but because of either expanded hours for the business or less hours of PSTA bus service, the employees are no longer to get to/from work on the bus. This mobility on demand program helps employees get to essential jobs.

All ridership data is now being tracked for our bus operations using Automatic Passenger Counters (APC). The FY 2020 ridership for each mode compared to FY 2019 data is presented below using the APCs and indicates the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on ridership:

Mode	30-Sep-20	30-Sep-19	Percent of Change
Bus Operations	9,869,409	13,273,265	-26%
Paratransit	275,539	362,357	-24%
Mobility Programs	92,036	70,200	31%
Total	10,236,984	13,705,822	-25%

PSTA's strategic plan is to focus on customer oriented transit service; develop a strong governance model for effective Pinellas transportation leadership; provide effective, financially viable public transportation that supports our community; develop and implement a sustainable capital program; provide a customer oriented service design; seek incremental expansion and our visionary service design of increased public transit PSTA has the financial stability in the short term, with a sustainable operating and capital plan that builds on our successes and on continuous improvement as we move forward.

To support the mission, vision, and strategic plan PSTA has a Performance Management Program. The Program identifies PSTA's performance measurement metrics, the CEO quantitative evaluation system, department level measurements, and an employee quantitative evaluation system. Specifically, PSTA at the organizational level is measured on five key components including community support, financial stability, customer satisfaction, employee engagement and commitment to performance.

This commitment to transparency and visibility of PSTA's performance metrics is generating increased engagement, inter-departmental coordination, and sense of ownership among staff.

The overall performance ratio for FY 2020 was 102 out of 100.













One Team. One Mission.

Local Routes Operated in Fiscal Year 2020



Budget

Each year the Board is required to adopt an annual budget before the beginning of the fiscal year. The budget serves as a financial plan in support of the Authority's mission and strategic plan. It includes the fiscal year operating budget and capital plan necessary to accomplish the operational initiatives, along with a multi-year capital plan covering five years. The process for developing the Authority's budget begins with budget review and planning in February through May, and through a series of meetings and analysis from June through September, results in an operating budget and a prioritized capital budget.

The PSTA Board adopted the FY 2021 fiscal year operating and capital budget totaling \$162.5 million. The FY 2021 budget is \$30.0 million or 22.6% over the FY 2020 budget with the majority of the increase related to the SunRunner Bus Rapid Transit Project and replacement trolleys. This financial plan allows the Authority to focus resources where transit works best, with both route changes and service improvements based on a data-driven, customer sensitive and innovative approach.

Capital assets are funded by grants and local funds on a pay-as-you-go basis. The Authority does not anticipate issuing debt to fund capital assets in fiscal year 2021.

Factors Affecting Financial Planning

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective.

COVID-19: PSTA, in response to the effects of COVID-19, has implemented health and safety measures and policies for employees, contractors and customers as well as taken a diverse range of operational adjustments. These adjustments are numerous and include reduced hours of service, schedule adjustments to accommodate high performing routes, a transition to telework for almost all our administrative employees, with additional safety measures for our front-line employees and riders. In addition to our bus drivers being behind safety shields, they are required to wear masks, and are supplied with face shields and hand sanitizers. The number of passengers on the board the bus is limited, riders are required to wear face coverings and board from the rear of the bus with the front area reserved for people with disabilities. To achieve rear door boarding, PSTA went fare free in March of 2020 and has not yet resumed collecting fares.

Going fare free had a significant impact on revenues with a loss of \$5 million over FY 2019. However, PSTA has sufficient liquidity and the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act is providing up to \$40,368,371 in grant funds. PSTA anticipates the funds will be utilized over the next three years with \$10.4 million allocated to FY 2020. With the CARES Act grant funds, PSTA had a positive variance to budget for FY 2020 and the outlook indicates a balanced budget for FY 2021 through FY 2024. In addition, the decreased ridership to due COVID-19 has had a positive impact on expenditures in such areas as reduced overtime, fuel, utilities, and paratransit costs.

Local Economy: The regional economy normally enjoys a slightly favorable economic environment compared with other cities in Florida and local indicators point to continued stability. The regional economy has a diverse economic base that includes tourism, agriculture, construction, finance, healthcare, technology, and the Port of Tampa. Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the regional area's boundaries or in close proximity include telephone and electric service companies, computer hardware and electrical controls manufacturers, tourist attractions, fertilizer manufacturers, MacDill Air Force Base, an Amazon Fulfillment Center and the Port of Tampa. Institutions of higher learning located in the regional area include the University of South Florida, the University of Tampa, St. Petersburg College, Eckerd College and the Stetson University College of Law.

The area's Metropolitan Statistical Area unemployment rate of 6.6% as of September 30th is lower than the national rate of 7.9% and lower than the statewide rate of 7.4%. The region's growth and economic diversity are expected to be the basis for continued health of the local economy in coming years.

The Authority's ability to fund its operations is heavily dependent on a millage levy generated from property taxes. The millage rate for FY 2020 was 0.7500. For FY 2021, the PSTA Board approved maintaining the millage rate of 0.7500 mills.

Financial Policies: During fiscal year 2020, Liability Debt Management, Cash Reserve and Investment Policies were reviewed, and any revisions did not have any impact on the current period's financial statements.

Long-Range Financial Planning: Due to the significant investment in buses and bus facilities used for service delivery and the necessary funding required to refurbish and to replace those assets when needed, the Authority has been building up resources in the capital reserve. As of September 30, 2020, the Authority's unrestricted net position totaled \$12.6 million.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to PSTA for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019. This was the seventh consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire staff of the Finance Division. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the Division who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the governing Board of Directors for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority's finances.

Respectfully Submitted,

Deborah C. Leous Chief Financial Officer

Chief Executive Officer

Brad Miller

Leberah C. Levris



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority Florida

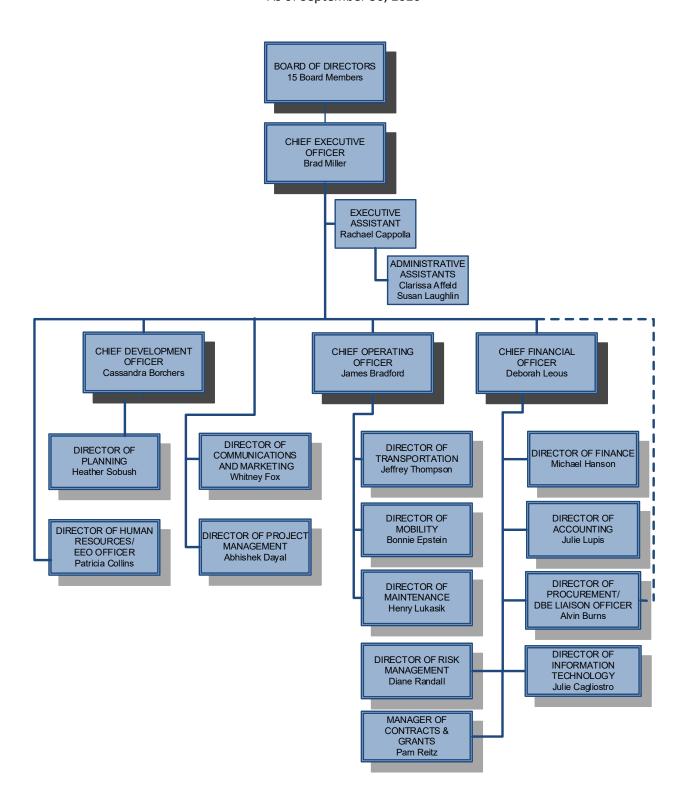
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

September 30, 2019

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill

Organization Chart As of September 30, 2020



Elected and Appointed Officials As of September 30, 2020

Board of Directors Officers

Joseph Barkley, Chairperson Pat Gerard, Vice-Chairperson Gina Driscoll, Secretary/Treasurer

City of Belleair Bluffs	City of Clearwater	City of Dunedin
-------------------------	--------------------	-----------------

Joseph Barkley David Allbritton Heather Gracy

<u>City of Largo</u> <u>City of Pinellas Park</u> <u>City of St. Petersburg</u>

Jamie Robinson Keith Sabiel Gina Driscoll

Darden Rice Joshua Shulman

North Redington Beach Oldsmar Pinellas County

Richard Bennett Dan Saracki Vince Cocks

Pat Gerard Charlie Justice Janet Long Kenneth Welch

Chief Executive Officer

Brad Miller

General Counsel

Bryant Miller Olive

PINELLAS SUNCOAST TRANSIT AUTHORITY BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As of September 30, 2020

Chairperson
Vice-Chairperson
Secretary/Treasurer



Joseph Barkley Commissioner City of Belleair Bluffs



Pat Gerard Commissioner Pinellas County



Gina Driscoll Councilmember City of St. Petersburg



David Allbritton
Clearwater
Councilmember



Richard Bennett Commissioner North Redington Beach



Vince Cocks Citizen Pinellas County



Heather Gracy Commissioner Dunedin



Charlie Justice Commissioner Pinellas County



Janet Long Commissioner Pinellas County



Darden Rice Councilmember City of St. Petersburg



Jamie Robinson Commissioner City of Largo



Keith SabielVice-Mayor
City of Pinellas Park



Dan Saracki Council Member Oldsmar



Joshua Shulman Citizen City of St. Petersburg



Kenneth Welch Commissioner Pinellas County

Directory of Officials As of September 30, 2020



Brad Miller, Chief Executive Officer Cassandra Borchers, Chief Development Officer James Bradford, Chief Operating Officer Deborah C. Leous, Chief Financial Officer Alvin Burns, Director of Procurement/DBE Liaison Officer Julie Cagliostro, Director of Information Technology Patricia Collins, Director of Human Resources/Acting EEO Officer Abhishek Dayal, Director of Project Management **Bonnie Epstein, Director of Mobility on Demand** Whitney Fox, Director of Communications & Marketing Michael Hanson, Director of Finance Henry Lukasik, Director of Maintenance Julie Lupis, Director of Accounting Diane Randall, Director of Risk Management Heather Sobush, Director of Planning Jeffrey Thompson, Director of Transportation

SECTION II FINANCIAL SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor

To the Board of Directors Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority St. Petersburg, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority, aka: PSTA (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordancewith accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those riskassessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but notfor the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation in the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and its cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 10(d) to the financial statements, in March 2020 the World Health Organization declared COVID-19 a global pandemic. Given the uncertainty of the situation and the duration of any business disruption, the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Our opinion is not modified withrespect to this matter.

Prior Period Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019 were audited byother auditors whose report, dated May 15, 2020, expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in liability and related ratios-other postemployment benefits, and schedules of the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability and of its contributions-pensionplans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted nthe United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing theinformation and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is presented for the purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General-Local Governmental Entity Audits, respectively, and is alsonot a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing andreconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, such information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 31, 2021, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliancewith certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Cherry Belaurt LLP

Tampa, Florida March 31, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

INTRODUCTION

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority's ("The Authority") financial performance provides an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal years (FY) ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. Information contained in this MD&A has been prepared by the Authority's management and should be considered in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes of the financial statements.

The notes are essential to a full understanding of the data contained in the financial statements. This report also presents certain required supplementary information regarding pension and other post-employment benefits.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of this annual report consists of three parts: MD&A, the basic financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. The basic financial statements include the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and the Statements of Cash Flows.

Analysis of the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position illustrate whether the Authority's financial position has improved as a result of the year's activities. The Statements of Net Position presents information on all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, the increases and decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of whether the financial position of the Authority is improving or deteriorating. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position reflect how the operating and non-operating activities of the Authority affected changes in the net position of the Authority. These activities are recorded under the accrual basis of accounting reflecting the timing of the underlying event regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The Statements of Cash Flows presents information on the Authority's cash and cash equivalent activities for the fiscal year resulting from operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The net result of these activities added to the beginning of the year cash balance reconciles to the cash and cash equivalent balance at the end of the current fiscal year.

The financial statements also include notes that further explain certain information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Although the financial statements provide useful information in assessing the financial health of the Authority, consideration of other factors not shown on the financial reports should be evaluated to assess the Authority's true financial condition. Factors such as changes in the Authority's tax base and the condition of the Authority's asset base are also important when assessing the overall financial condition of the Authority.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Government entities typically account for activities by utilizing "fund" accounting. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control or restrict the use of resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority uses only one fund, an enterprise fund, which reports all business type activities of the Authority.

FISCAL YEAR 2020 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

- For FY 2020 the net position of the Authority is \$98.3 million. Of this amount, \$85.5 million is the net investment in capital assets, \$159.4 thousand is restricted grantor resources, and \$12.6 million is unrestricted. Through the adoption of a reserve policy, the Board of Directors has committed \$14.7 million for a two months operating reserve and \$3.9 million for a self-insurance reserve for the following fiscal year. A 5-year capital plan has been approved by the Board of Directors that includes the use of \$15.5 million in reserves for capital asset replacement.
- Total assets increased by \$3.7 million or 2.6% in FY 2020. Current assets increased by \$6.3 million or 11.8%, and capital assets decreased by \$2.6 million or 2.9%.
- The change in liabilities at the close of the fiscal year reflects an increase of \$7.2 million or 14.1% primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability.
- ▶ Based on the most recent actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2020, prepared by the Authority's independent actuary, PSTA risk management liabilities for general liability and workers' compensation increased by approximately \$152.4 thousand or 4.1% to \$3.9 million.
- The Authority's total net position decreased by \$1.2 million or 1.2% from FY 2019. The decrease is attributable to an increase in total liabilities offset by an increase in total assets. Deferred outflows increased by \$803.2 thousand or 6.7% and deferred inflows decreased by \$1.4 million or 42.2% due to pension related amounts.

FISCAL YEAR 2019 FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY

- For FY 2019 the net position of the Authority is \$99.5 million. Of this amount, \$86.7 million is the net investment in capital assets, \$30.9 thousand is restricted grantor resources, and \$12.8 million is unrestricted. Through the adoption of a reserve policy, the Board of Directors has committed \$14.2 million for a two months operating reserve and \$3.8 million for a self-insurance reserve for the following fiscal year. A 5-year capital plan has been approved by the Board of Directors that includes the use of \$14.4 million in reserves for capital asset replacement.
- Total assets increased by \$11.9 million or 9.1% in FY 2019. Current assets decreased by \$156 thousand or .3%, and capital assets increased by \$12.0 million or 15.8%.
- The change in liabilities at the close of the fiscal year reflects an increase of \$7.5 million or 17.1% due primarily due to an increase in the net pension liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

- ▶ Based on the most recent actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, prepared by the Authority's independent actuary, PSTA risk management liabilities for general liability and workers' compensation decreased by approximately \$174 thousand or 4.4% to \$3.8 million.
- The Authority's total net position increased by \$5.6 million or 5.9% from FY 2018. The increase is attributable to an increase in total assets offset by an increase in total liabilities. Deferred outflows increased by \$577.7 thousand or 5.1% and deferred inflows decreased by \$588.5 thousand or 15.0% due to pension related amounts.

THE AUTHORITY'S CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

-	2020	2019	Dollar Increas (Decreas	se Percentage		2018
Assets:		-a <00 -ca		10.00		-2 (-00
Current and other assets \$ Capital assets	59,923,188 \$ 85,762,071	53,600,762 88,344,893	\$ 6,322 (2,582	<i>'</i>	\$ _	53,756,598 76,316,083
Total assets	145,685,259	141,945,655	3,739	,604 2.6%	_	130,072,681
Deferred outflow of resources	12,732,588	11,929,362	803	,226 6.7%	_	11,351,659
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	8,583,661	8,820,560	(236	,899) (2.7%)		6,488,248
Noncurrent liabilities	49,641,697	42,224,689	7,417	,008 17.6%		37,089,016
Total liabilities	58,225,358	51,045,249	7,180	,109 14.1%	_	43,577,264
Deferred inflow of resources	1,926,407	3,335,524	(1,409	,117) (42.2%)		3,924,052
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	85,482,712	86,661,740	(1,179	,028) (1.4%)		75,483,987
Restricted	159,449	30,925	128	,524 415.6%		55,289
Unrestricted	12,623,921	12,801,579	(177	,658) (1.4%)		18,383,748
Total net position \$_	98,266,082 \$	99,494,244	\$(1,228	,162) (1.2%)	\$	93,923,024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

THE AUTHORITY'S OPERATING FINANCIAL ACTIVITY

As noted earlier, PSTA uses only one fund, an enterprise fund, to comply with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) mandated reporting requirements. The Authority's operations consist of providing virtually all public transportation services in Pinellas County, Florida. These services include fixed route, demand response, and specialized services.

The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position show how the Authority's net position changed during the current and previous fiscal year as a result of operations. These changes are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, some revenues and expenses reported in this statement will only affect future cash flows.

The Following Summary Represents the FY 2020 Operating Results Compared to FY 2019:

Revenues

- Total operating and non-operating revenues for FY 2020 totaled \$87,857,000 a \$6,454,000 increase or 7.9% over FY 2019.
- Passenger fares, including demand response fares, decreased \$5,821,000 or 54.6% as a result of going fare free in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Advertising income increased \$119,000 or 18.0%.
- Federal maintenance assistance decreased \$404,000 or 8.1%.
- > State operating assistance increased \$387,000 or 8.9%.
- Other Federal grants increased by \$9,897,000 or 377.9% primarily due to FTA CARES Act funding which was provided through the Federal Transit Formula Grant.
- Special project assistance state grants decreased \$1,335,000 or 23.1% primarily due to decreased funding for the Transit Disadvantaged program and funding for the Route 100X Extension due to service being suspended during the pandemic.
- > Special project assistance local grants decreased \$303,000 or 17.7% due to funding for trolley services that were impacted by the pandemic.
- > Property tax revenues increased \$3,918,000 or 8.0% due to an increase in property values.
- Investment income decreased \$240,000 or 21.5% due to decreased interest rates.
- Fuel tax refunds decreased \$64,000 or 9.9% due to decreased fuel purchases.
- The net change in other revenues (expenses) of \$301,000 or 143.0% was primarily due to a decrease on losses of disposal of capital assets, no liquidated damages, and reduced staff resources time charged to the Tampa Bay Regional Transit Authority (TBARTA).

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

Expenses

- Total operating expenses decreased \$296,000 or .3% over FY 2019. The majority of the decrease was due to decreased purchased transportation costs offset by an actuarially determined increase in pension and post-employment benefits.
- Operations expenses decreased \$242,000 or .6% primarily due to decreased salaries and overtime offset by actuarial increases in pension and the post- employment benefits.
- Purchased transportation decreased increased \$1,585,000 or 13.1% due to decreased paratransit and trolley services during the pandemic.
- Maintenance expenses increased \$556,000 or 4.6% due to costs related to the pandemic.
- Administration and finance expenses increased \$707,000 or 4.2% primarily due to an actuarially determined increase in pension and post-employment benefits.
- Marketing expenses increased \$268,000 or 31.5% due primarily to increased marketing costs for the SunRunner bus rapid transit project and an actuarially determined increase in pension and postemployment benefits.

Capital Grants and Other Related Revenues

Capital grants and other related revenues decreased by \$13,884,000 or 80.4% due to no bus procurements received in FY 2020 compared to FY 2019. Due to the pandemic the bus order was not received until FY 2021.

The Following Summary Represents the FY 2019 Operating Results Compared to FY 2018:

Revenues

- Total operating and non-operating revenues for FY 2019 totaled \$81,402,000 a \$5,609,000 increase or 7.4% over FY 2018.
- Passenger fares, including demand response fares, decreased \$311,000 or 2.8%.
- Advertising income increased \$45,000 or 7.3%.
- Federal maintenance assistance decreased \$51,000 or 1.0%.
- > State operating assistance increased \$19,000 or .4%,
- Other Federal grants increased by \$1,114,000 or 74% primarily due development of the Transit Asset Management Plan and additional planning projects including the Community Bus Plan.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

- > Special project assistance state grants increased \$762,000 or 15.2%.
- > Special project assistance local grants increased \$432,000 or 33.7% due to an increase in funding for trolley services.
- > Property tax revenues increased \$3,725,000 or 8.21% due to an increase in property values.
- Investment income increased \$305,000 or 37.6% due to an increase in interest rates.
- Fuel tax refunds increased \$8,000 or 1.3%.
- The net change in other revenues (expenses) of \$438,000 or 192.3% was primarily due to a decrease on losses of disposal of capital assets.

Expenses

- Total operating expenses increased \$8,183,000 or 10.7% over FY 2018. The majority of the increase is due to actuarially determined increase in pension and post-employment benefits.
- Operations expenses increased \$4,302,000 or 11.2% primarily due to actuarial increases in pension and the post- employment benefits.
- Purchased transportation increased \$495,000 or 4.3% due to an increase in DART program costs as well increased services provided by the Jolley Trolley.
- Maintenance expenses increased \$693,000 or 6.0%.
- Administration and finance expenses increased \$2,783,000 or 20% due to an increase in wages, and fringe benefits and an increase in computer software services.
- Marketing expenses decreased \$91,000 or 9.6% due to a decrease in wages and fringe benefits due to vacancies.

Capital Grants and Other Related Revenues

Capital grants and other related revenues increased \$13,498,000 in FY 2019 due to an increase in bus procurements in FY 2019 compared to FY 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

$\frac{\text{THE AUTHORITY'S STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET}}{\text{POSITION}}$

						Dollar Increase	Percentage		-040
	_	2020	-	2019	-	(Decrease)	Change	_	2018
Operating revenues:									
Passenger fares	\$	4,165,445	\$	9,129,892	\$	(4,964,447)	(54.4%)	\$	9,473,561
Demand response		677,032		1,533,743		(856,711)	(55.9%)		1,501,156
Advertising revenue		779,180	_	660,371	_	118,809	18.0%	_	615,234
Total operating revenues	_	5,621,657	_	11,324,006	_	(5,702,349)	(50.4%)	_	11,589,951
Nonoperating revenues:									
Federal maintenance assistance		4,571,923		4,975,583		(403,660)	(8.1%)		5,026,849
State operating assistance		4,709,570		4,322,748		386,822	8.9%		4,303,778
Other federal grants		12,515,684		2,618,763		9,896,921	377.9%		1,504,617
Special project assistance - state grants		4,448,877		5,784,028		(1,335,151)	(23.1%)		5,022,559
Special project assistance - local grants		1,412,272		1,715,148		(302,876)	(17.7%)		1,282,808
Property tax revenues		53,031,249		49,113,559		3,917,690	8.0%		45,389,030
Investment income		874,486		1,114,257		(239,771)	(21.5%)		809,788
Fuel tax refunds		580,645		644,668		(64,023)	(9.9%)		636,416
Other, net	-	90,453	_	(210,359)	_	300,812	(143.0%)		228,008
Total nonoperating revenues	_	82,235,159	_	70,078,395	_	12,156,764	17.3%	_	64,203,853
Total operating and nonoperating revenues	_	87,856,816	_	81,402,401	_	6,454,415	7.9%	_	75,793,804
Operating expenses:									
Operations		42,631,142		42,873,233		(242,091)	(0.6%)		38,570,917
Purchased transportation		10,538,164		12,123,292		(1,585,128)	(13.1%)		11,627,971
Maintenance		12,759,510		12,203,763		555,747	4.6%		11,510,788
Administration and finance		17,389,460		16,682,258		707,202	4.2%		13,898,829
Marketing	_	1,120,625	_	852,508	_	268,117	31.5%	_	943,235
Total operating expenses	_	84,438,901	_	84,735,054	_	(296,153)	(0.3%)	_	76,551,740
Depreciation	_	8,725,291	_	8,984,115	_	(258,824)	(2.9%)		8,372,047
Total operating expenses and depreciation		93,164,192	_	93,719,169	_	(554,977)	(0.6%)	_	84,923,787
(Loss) before capital grants		(5,307,376)		(12,316,768)		7,009,392	(56.9%)		(9,129,983)
Capital grants and other related revenues		3,379,540		17,263,244		(13,883,704)	(80.4%)		3,764,851
Contributed capital - local government		690,790		532,825		157,965	29.6%		637,254
Contributed capital - private sources		8,884	-	91,919	_	(83,035)	(90.3%)	_	38,746
Increase (decrease) in net position		(1,228,161)		5,571,220		(6,799,381)	(122.0%)		(4,689,132)
Net position, beginning of year	_	99,494,244	_	93,923,024	_	5,571,220	5.9%	_	98,612,156
Net position, end of year	\$	98,266,082	\$_	99,494,244	\$_	(1,228,162)	(1.2%)	\$	93,923,024

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

CAPITAL ASSETS

The Authority has invested \$85.8 million in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). Approximately 43% of the investment represents revenue-generating equipment and 33% represents the building and improvements at the close of fiscal year September 30, 2020.

Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

Significant projects in fiscal year 2020 include the commencement of the construction on the SunRunner Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) project, installation of operator safety shield equipment on the buses, and installation of a heavy-duty bus lift.

Additional information regarding capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

					Percent o	of Total		
	_	2020		2019	2020	2019		2018
Land	\$	6,961,677	\$	6,961,677	8%	8%	\$	6,961,677
Buildings and improvements		28,612,666		30,254,217	33%	34%		31,029,316
Revenue equipment		36,725,194		40,404,057	43%	45%		29,138,921
Furniture and other		1,747,761		1,376,140	2%	2%		1,345,173
Capital assets in progress		11,714,773	_	9,348,802	14%	11%		7,840,996
Total	\$_	85,762,071	\$_	88,344,893	100%	100%	_ \$_	76,316,083

Long-Term Debt Administration

The Authority has no long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, PSTA has assumed that fares would not be collected until Spring of 2021. Therefore, the budgeted revenue would be in line with FY 2020 actual fares collected, and about half of what would be traditionally recognized prior to the pandemic. PSTA is budgeting \$15.1 million in CARES Act funding. The budget looks to increase non-traditional sources of revenue such as partnerships with municipalities for capital projects and increased operating assistance for purchased transportation. Increased property values increase estimated property tax revenues by 7.9%.

The budget also includes on-going construction of the SunRunner Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) project, a Transit Oriented Development study along the BRT corridor, design of a Clearwater Multimodal Terminal, receipt of 20 new trolley buses and two electric buses.

PSTA's budget includes use of on-demand transportation for paratransit services and a new provider for scheduled paratransit services, as the current provider is ceasing operations during FY 2021.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Year Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 (Unaudited)

In addition, PSTA along with transit agencies from Hillsborough, Pasco, Hernando, and Sarasota counties are implementing a regional revenue collection system through electronic fare payments. The goal of the project is to enhance mobility of passengers between its respective jurisdictions. The project will be completed in Fiscal Year 2022.

FY 2021 BUDGET

The PSTA Board approved the FY 2021 budget on September 30, 2020. The FY 2021 Operating and Capital budget totaled \$162,488,210 compared to the FY 2020 budget of \$132,505,843 or \$29,982,367 (22.6% more than the FY 2020 budget). In FY 2021, total operating budget expenses of \$88,379,120 and operating and non-operating revenues of 90,311,999 will result in an operating surplus of \$1,932,879 that will be transferred to reserves.

The Authority also developed a multi-year operating plan covering FY 2021 through FY 2025.

In addition, the Authority developed a five-year Capital Improvement Program Budget covering FY 2021 through FY 2025 with available funding for capital acquisition of vehicles and equipment, and completion of the SunRunner BRT.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority's finances for all those with an interest in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the office of the Chief Financial Officer, Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority, and 3201 Scherer Drive, St. Petersburg, Florida 33716.

Statements of Net Position September 30, 2020 and 2019

September 30, 2020 and 2019		
Assets	2020	2019
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	44,325,509 \$	46,417,170
Accounts receivable, net of allowance of \$0 and \$0	1,342,199	1,539,634
Grants receivable	11,024,011	3,030,911
Inventories	2,898,621	2,182,100
Prepaid expenses	332,848	430,947
Total current assets	59,923,188	53,600,762
Capital assets:		
Land	6,961,677	6,961,677
Buildings and improvements	54,825,937	54,675,550
Revenue equipment	109,076,360	107,535,530
Furniture and other	9,494,558	8,604,667
Capital assets in progress	11,714,773	9,348,802
Less accumulated depreciation	192,073,305 106,311,234	187,126,226 98,781,333
Total capital assets	85,762,071	88,344,893
Total assets	145,685,259	141,945,655
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1:0,000,205	111,5 10,000
	500.00	550 640
Deferred outflow of resources - other post-employment benefit related amounts Deferred outflow of resources - pension related amounts	580,996 12,151,592	550,640 11,378,722
Total deferred outflow of resources	12,732,588	11,929,362
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	2,336,995	3,873,930
Accrued expenses	2,331,338	1,959,518
Total other post-employment benefit liability	216,286	385,118
Compensated absences	51,137	46,294
Claims and judgments	1,231,449	1,215,409
Unearned revenue	2,283,193	1,124,642
Net pension liability due within one year	133,263	215,649
Total current liabilities	8,583,661	8,820,560
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Total other post-employment benefit liability	2,452,283	2,067,165
Compensated absences	2,849,812	2,579,953
Claims and judgments	2,679,399	2,543,039
Net pension liability	41,660,203	35,034,532
Total noncurrent liabilities	49,641,697	42,224,689
Total liabilities	58,225,358	51,045,249
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflow of resources - other post-employment benefit related amounts Deferred inflow of resources - pension related amounts	581,030	682,712
Total deferred inflow of resources	1,345,377	2,652,812 3,335,524
	1,926,407	3,333,324
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	85,482,712	86,661,740
Restricted grantor resources and contractually restricted cash	159,449	30,925
Unrestricted	12,623,921	12,801,579
Total net position \$	98,266,082 \$	99,494,244
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

For the Years Ended September 30, 2020	and			2010
	_	2020	_	2019
Operating revenues:				
	\$	4,165,445	\$	9,129,892
Demand response	Φ	677,032	φ	1,533,743
Advertising revenue		779,180		660,371
Advertising revenue	_	779,100	_	000,371
Total operating revenues	_	5,621,657	_	11,324,006
Operating expenses:				
Operations		42,631,142		42,873,233
Purchased transportation		10,538,164		12,123,292
Maintenance		12,759,510		12,203,763
Administration and finance		17,389,460		16,682,258
Marketing	_	1,120,624	_	852,508
Total operating expenses, before depreciation	_	84,438,901	_	84,735,054
Operating loss before depreciation		(78,817,244)		(73,411,048)
Depreciation	_	8,725,291	_	8,984,115
Operating loss	_	(87,542,535)	_	(82,395,163)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Federal maintenance assistance grants		4,571,923		4,975,583
State operating assistance grants		4,709,570		4,322,748
Other federal grants		12,515,684		2,618,763
Special project assistance – state grants		4,448,877		5,784,028
Special project assistance – local grants		1,412,272		1,715,148
Property tax revenues		53,031,249		49,113,559
Investment income		874,486		1,114,257
Fuel tax refunds		580,645		644,668
Other, net		90,453		(210,359)
Other, net	_	90,433	_	(210,339)
Total nonoperating revenues		82,235,159	_	70,078,395
Loss before capital grants		(5,307,376)		(12,316,768)
Capital grants and other related revenues	_	3,379,540	_	17,263,244
Contributed capital - local government		690,790		532,825
Contributed capital - private sources		8,884		91,919
	_		_	,
Increase (decrease) in net position		(1,228,162)		5,571,220
Net position, beginning of year	_	99,494,244	_	93,923,024
Net position, end of year	\$	98,266,082	\$_	99,494,244

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

PINELLAS SUNCOAST TRANSIT AUTHORITY Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	_	2020	_	2019
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Receipts from customers	\$	5,819,091	\$	11,688,582
Payments to suppliers		(37,089,678)		(31,645,756)
Payments to and on behalf of employees	_	(44,198,683)	_	(47,315,401)
Net cash used in operating activities	_	(75,469,270)	_	(67,272,575)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Property tax revenues		53,031,249		48,790,977
Operating and special project assistance grants		19,665,225		18,948,104
Fuel tax refunds		580,645		644,668
Non-transportation revenue	-	1,249,004	-	797,843
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_	74,526,123	_	69,181,592
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Purchases of capital assets		(5,406,272)		(21,028,235)
Capital grants		3,379,540		17,263,244
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		3,732	-	326,422
Net cash used in capital financing activities	_	(2,023,000)	_	(3,438,569)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Investment income	_	874,486	_	1,101,355
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	874,486	_	1,101,355
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,091,661)		(428,197)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	46,417,170	_	46,845,367
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$_	44,325,509	\$_	46,417,170
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$	(87,542,535)	\$	(82,395,163)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:				
Depreciation		8,725,291		8,984,115
(Increase) Decrease in Assets and Deferred Outflows:				
Accounts receivable		197,435		286,297
Inventory		(716,521)		(37,669)
Prepaid Expenses		98,099		98,134
OPEB and Pension Realated Deferred Outflows Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities and Deferred Inflows:		(803,226)		(577,703)
Accounts Payable		(1,577,189)		1,341,188
Accrued Expenses		371,820		320,074
Compensated Absences		274,702		166,282
Claims and Judgements Payable		152,400		(174,168)
OPEB and Pension Realated Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		5,350,454	_	4,716,038
Net cash used in operating activities	\$_	(75,469,270)	\$	(67,272,575)
Schedule of noncash transactions:	_	_	_	_
Purchase of capital assets included in accounts payable		279,359		1,683,153
Contributed capital assets	_	699,674	_	624,744
Total Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities	\$_	979,033	\$_	2,307,897

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies and practices of the Authority have been designed to conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to a government enterprise fund. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

(a) Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, and expenses are recognized in the period incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied, and grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements have been met, including that the eligible expenses have been incurred.

(b) Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term highly liquid debt investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have original maturities of three months or less at the date of purchase. Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested at BankUnited, Citibank, Regions and Synovus. At September 30, 2020, the Authority's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss. This mix of asset allocation provides a strong diversity for a balanced portfolio and has allowed for increased interest income through a competitive bidding process. The Authority has no investments measured at fair value.

(c) Accounts Receivable

All trade and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The receivables are analyzed by management at the end of the year to estimate the amount of the allowance, as applicable.

(d) Grants Receivable

Grants receivables represent expenditures for grant eligible items for which reimbursement has not yet been received.

(e) Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories, principally fuel and maintenance parts, are stated at cost (using the moving weighted average cost method).

Certain payments to vendors or other parties reflect cost for contracts or services applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid expenses. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

(f) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more with an estimated useful life greater than one year. Major renewals and betterments are treated as capital additions. Expenses for maintenance, repairs, and minor renewals are expensed as incurred. Contributed assets are stated at acquisition value at the date of receipt.

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

	Estimated Useful
Property Classification	Life Range
Buildings	5 - 40 years
Improvements	5 - 20 years
Revenue equipment	3 - 12 years
Furniture and other	3 - 10 years

(g) Compensated Absences

The Authority's policy permits substantially all employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation, certain sick-pay benefits and certain other qualifying absences, which will be paid to the employee upon separation from service. Vacation, eligible sick pay, and other qualifying absences, which have been earned but not paid, have been accrued in the accompanying financial statements.

(h) Pensions

In the statements of net position, liabilities are recognized for the Authority's proportionate share of each pension plan's net pension liability. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Florida Retirement System (FRS) defined benefit plan and the Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) and additions to/deductions from FRS's and HIS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the FRS and HIS plans. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(i) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

In the statement of net position, a liability is recognized for the Authority's OPEB liability as determined by an actuarial review of the healthcare coverage purchased by retirees to continue participation in the Authority's health plan. The Authority is responsible for covering the excess of retiree claims over premium payments made by retirees to the Authority, which creates an other post employment benefit. OPEB expense is recognized immediately for changes in the OPEB liability resulting from current-period service cost, interest on the total OPEB liability and changes of benefit terms.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

(j) <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned Revenue is considered a liability until it becomes relevant to the business at hand, such as payment received for work not performed or revenues received which have not been earned.

(k) Claims and Judgments

In the statements of net position, liabilities are recognized based upon an actuarial study which is performed annually by an outside professional.

(1) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of net position report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The deferred outflows of resources reported in the Authority's statement of net position are related to other post-employment benefit related amounts and the Authority's participation in the Florida

Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. These amounts will be recognized as increases in post-employment benefit expense and pension expense in future years.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The deferred inflows of resources reported in the Authority's statement of net position are related to other post-employment benefit related amounts and the Authority's participation in the Florida Retirement System Pension Plan and the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program. These amounts will be recognized as reductions in post-employment benefit expense and pension expense in future years.

m) Net Position

Net investment in capital assets - Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and related liabilities against those capital assets.

Restricted net position - Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups, such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - All other components of net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

(n) Grants

The federal government, State of Florida, Forward Pinellas (the Pinellas Metropolitan Planning Organization), have made available grants to the Authority related to the development of public

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

transit facilities, which are restricted to acquiring qualifying capital assets and funding certain operating expenses.

Capital grants are reported in a separate line item in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Proceeds equal or greater than \$5,000 from the sale of capital assets originally purchased with funds from federal grants must be reinvested in capital asset purchases approved by the Federal Transit Administration (FTA).

(o) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the financial statements, in accordance with GAAP, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Significant items subject to estimates and assumptions include depreciation, the reserve for workers' compensation, general liability claims, pension related amounts, and post-employment benefits other than pensions. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates, particularly given the significant social and economic disruptions and uncertainties associated with the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the COVID-19 control responses.

(p) Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the Authority's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are fare box revenues, which are fees for public transportation. Operating expenses include the cost of providing the services and depreciation expense on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expense.

(q) Fare Revenues

Cash fares are recorded as revenue at the time services are performed. Pass fares are recorded as revenue at the time passes are sold. Fares were suspended in March 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

(r) **Property Tax Revenue**

The Authority is a special taxing district that is authorized to levy an ad valorem tax on the taxable real property in the transit area not to exceed 0.7500 mills. The approved ad valorem tax rates for fiscal years 2020 and 2019 were 0.7500.

Property tax collections are governed by Chapter 197, *Florida Statutes*. The Pinellas County Tax Collector bills and collects all property taxes levied within the county. Discounts are allowed for early payment of 4.0% in November, 3.0% in December, 2.0% in January, and 1.0% in February. If property taxes are not paid by April 1, the county adds a 3.0% penalty on real estate taxes and 1.5% penalty on personal property taxes.

The Pinellas County Tax Collector advertises and sells tax certificates on all real property for delinquent taxes. The Pinellas County Tax Collector must receive payment before the certificates are issued. Any person owning land on which a tax certificate has been sold may redeem the tax certificate by paying the Pinellas County Tax Collector the face amount of the

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - Continued

tax certificate plus interest and other costs. The owner of the tax certificate may, at any time after taxes have been delinquent (April 1) for two years, file an application for tax deed sale.

The county, as a certificate owner, may exercise similar procedures two years after taxes have been delinquent. Tax deeds are issued to the highest bidder for the property that is sold at public auction.

The Pinellas County Tax Collector remits current taxes collected through at least four distributions to the Authority in the first two months of the tax year and at least one distribution each month thereafter.

• Property Tax Calendar

January 1, 2019 - Property taxes are based on assessed property value at this date as determined by the Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

July 1, 2019 - Property assessment roll and certificates of value provided to the Authority by the Pinellas County Property Appraiser.

July 31, 2019 - Proposed millage rate is approved by the Board of Directors and provided to the Pinellas County Property Appraiser who mails notices to the taxpayers.

September 25, 2019 - Property tax millage rate resolution approved by the Board of Directors.

October 1, 2019 - Beginning of the year for which property taxes have been levied.

November 1, 2019 - Property taxes are due and payable.

April 1, 2020 - Unpaid property taxes become delinquent.

June 1, 2020 - Tax certificates are sold by the Pinellas County Tax Collector.

(2) <u>Description of Business</u>

The Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority was formed by an act of the Florida Legislature in 1984 and became effective by majority vote of the electorate in a referendum election of the transit area in Pinellas County, Florida. The Authority is an independent taxing authority whose purpose is to provide effective, modern mass transit service to Pinellas County, Florida. The Authority is governed by a 15-member board of directors made up of elected officials and citizens. The board members are appointed by the county and member cities in accordance with a formula provided by the enabling legislation and serve a three-year term.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the carrying value of the Authority's cash and cash equivalents was as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents – Continued

Type	 2020	 2019
Cash on hand Petty cash Demand deposits	\$ 25,000 950 44,299,559	\$ 25,000 1,700 46,390,470
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 44,325,509	\$ 46,417,170

The investment returns through fiscal year end September 30, 2020, totaled an average of 132 basis points compared to an average of 215 basis points through fiscal year end September 30, 2019.

(a) Custodial Credit Risk

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, all of the Authority's deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral pledged with the State Treasurer pursuant to Chapter 280, *Florida Statutes*. Under this Chapter, in the event of default by a participating financial institution (a qualified public depository), all participating institutions are obligated to reimburse the governmental entity for the loss.

(b) Credit Risk

The Authority's Investment Guidelines were reviewed and approved by the Board in August 2017 and reviewed and approved by the Finance and Performance Management Committee in September 2020 with no changes. Pursuant to Florida Statute 218.415 and the Authority's Investment Guidelines, investments of surplus funds may be made in the following:

- State of Florida Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida PRIME)
- State of Florida Board of Administration Comingled Asset management (CAMPMM)
- Direct Obligations of the US Treasury
- Non-negotiable Interest-Bearing Savings Accounts, Demand Deposit Accounts or Time Certificates of Deposit
- Repurchase Agreements
- Commercial Paper
- Asset Backed Corporate Notes
- Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) registered Money Market Funds
- Investment Pools/Mutual Funds

As of September 30, 2020, and 2019, the Authority's cash equivalents consisted of interest-bearing money market accounts and non-negotiable certificates of deposit held by a financial institution.

The investments are not classified as to credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in book or entry form. The components of investment return include \$874,486 and \$1,114,257 of interest income on cash and cash equivalents for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

(c) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of the Authority's investments will decrease as a result of an increase in interest rates. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the investment policy states that the Authority is to consider safety of principal, liquidity, and finally yield. Also, as a means of limiting its exposure, the Authority's investment policy prohibits investments in U.S. Treasuries with maturities greater than five years. As of September 30, 2020, the Authority's fixed income holdings consisted of four 12-month term non-negotiable certificates of deposits for \$5,000,000 each, with a maximum maturity date of April 30, 2021, and interest rates ranging from .73% to 1.77%. As of September 30, 2019, the Authority's fixed income holdings consisted of five 12-month term non-negotiable certificates of deposits for \$5,000,000 each, with a maximum maturity date of August 22, 2020, and interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 2.84%.

Notes to Financial Statements

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents - Continued

(d) Concentration of Credit Risk

During FY 2020 and 2019, the Authority Investment Guidelines has recommended limits on the amount the Authority may place with each type of investment and with issuers as follows:

Diversification Guidelines

	Investment	Portfolio Maximum	Issuer Limitation	Maximum Maturity
A.	State of Florida Board of Administration Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (Florida Prime)	30%	N/A	N/A
B.	State of Florida Board of Administration Commingled Asset Management Program Money Market Funds (CAMP MM)	20%	N/A	N/A
C.	Direct Obligations of the U.S. Treasury and instruments backed by the full faith and credit of the U.S. Federal Government	75%	N/A	5 years
D.	Interest Bearing Savings Accounts, Demand Deposit Accounts, Negotiable Order of Withdrawal Accounts, or Certificates of Deposit	100%	N/A	2 yrs. for CDs
E.	Repurchase Agreements	20% (1)	10%	60 days
F.	Commercial Paper	10%	5%	5 years
G.	Asset-Backed Corporate Notes	10%	3%	5 years (2)
Н.	SEC-Registered Money Market Mutual Funds	10%	10%	90 days (3)
I.	Investment Pools/Mutual Funds	10%	10%	N/A

- (1) With the exception of one (1) business day agreements and overnight sweep agreements.
- (2) Total Asset-Backed Corporate Notes shall have a weighted average duration up to 2 years.
- (3) The maximum length to maturity (average weighted) shall be 90 days.

Notes to Financial Statements

(4) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	_	October 1, 2019	_	Additions	_	Transfers and Disposals	_	September 30, 2020
Nondepreciable assets:								
Land	\$	6,961,677	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,961,677
Capital assets in progress	_	9,348,802	_	5,637,528	_	3,271,557	_	11,714,773
Total nondepreciable assets	_	16,310,479	_	5,637,528	_	3,271,558	_	18,676,450
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings and improvements		54,675,550		247,325		96,938		54,825,937
Revenue equipment		107,535,530		2,469,276		928,446		109,076,360
Furniture and other	_	8,604,667	_	1,068,460	_	178,569	_	9,494,558
Total depreciable assets	_	170,815,747	_	3,785,061	_	1,203,953	_	173,396,855
Total at historical cost	_	187,126,226	_	9,422,589	_	4,475,510	_	192,073,305
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		24,421,333		1,884,872		92,934		26,213,271
Revenue equipment		67,131,473		6,143,579		923,886		72,351,166
Furniture and other	_	7,228,527	_	696,840	_	178,569	_	7,746,797
	_	98,781,333		8,725,291	-	1,195,390	_	106,311,234
Capital assets, net	\$ _	88,344,893	\$_	697,298	\$ _	3,280,120	\$ _	85,762,071

Notes to Financial Statements

(4) <u>Capital Assets - Continued</u>

Capital asset activity for the years ended September 30, 2019 and 2018, were as follows:

	_	October 1, 2018	_	Additions	_	Transfers and Disposals	· -	September 30, 2019
Nondepreciable assets:								
Land	\$	6,961,677	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,961,677
Capital assets in progress	_	7,840,996	_	19,748,871	_	18,241,065	_	9,348,802
Total nondepreciable assets	_	14,802,673	_	19,748,871	_	18,241,065	_	16,310,479
Depreciable assets:								
Buildings and improvements		53,694,194		1,145,713		164,357		54,675,550
Revenue equipment		95,494,471		18,353,359		6,312,300		107,535,530
Furniture and other	_	8,969,106	_	748,625	-	1,113,064	_	8,604,667
Total depreciable assets	_	158,157,771	_	20,247,697	_	7,589,721	_	170,815,747
Total at historical cost	_	172,960,444	_	39,996,568	_	25,830,786	_	187,126,226
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		22,664,878		1,920,812		164,357		24,421,333
Revenue equipment		66,355,550		6,363,909		5,587,986		67,131,473
Furniture and other	_	7,623,933	_	713,876	_	1,109,282	_	7,228,527
	_	96,644,361	_	8,998,597	_	6,861,625	_	98,781,333
Capital assets, net	\$	76,316,083	\$_	30,997,971	\$_	18,969,161	\$	88,344,893

On July 24, 2019, a revenue bus was in an accident when the bus driver lost control of the vehicle due to a medical condition, resulting in significant damage and was deemed totaled. PSTA is incurring the loss of \$268,388 since they are self-insured. The \$268,388 net loss for the year ended September 30, 2019, is reported within Other Revenue and Expense, Net, in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.

Notes to Financial Statements

(5) Net Position

Unrestricted net position at September 30, 2020 and 2019, consists of the following:

	_	2020	_	2019
Operating reserves	\$	12,623,921	\$_	12,801,579
Unrestricted net position	\$	12,623,921	\$	12,801,579

Restricted net position represents the Federal Transit Administration's interest in a disposed grant asset that the Authority received permission for a like-kind exchange in the future, and a contractual requirement under the Authority's health plan to maintain a minimum balance within an imprest account to pay future claims. The balances at September 30, 2020 and 2019, are as follows:

	_	2020	_	2019
Grantor resources and contractually restricted cash	\$_	159,449	\$_	30,925

Notes to Financial Statements

(6) Long-Term Liabilities

Activity relating to the Authority's long-term liabilities during the years ending September 30, 2020 and 2019, consists of the following:

	-	Beginning Balance	 Additions	 Deletions	Ending ons Balance		Due Within One Year		 More Than One Year
Balance at September 30, 2020	_								
Compensated absences Claims and judgements	\$	2,626,247 3,758,448	\$ 3,722,714 513,001	\$ 3,448,012 360,602	\$	2,900,949 3,910,848	\$	51,137 1,231,449	\$ 2,849,812 2,679,399
Total long term liabilities	\$	6,384,695	\$ 4,235,715	\$ 3,808,614	\$	6,811,796	\$	1,282,586	\$ 5,529,210
Balance at September 30, 2019	_								
Compensated absences	\$	2,459,965	\$ 3,182,526	\$ 3,016,244	\$	2,626,247	\$	46,294	\$ 2,579,953
Claims and judgements		3,932,616	 1,292,681	 1,466,849		3,758,448	-	1,215,409	 2,543,039
Total long term liabilities	\$	6,392,581	\$ 4,475,207	\$ 4,483,093	\$	6,384,695	\$	1,261,703	\$ 5,122,992

(7) Risk Management

The Authority maintains self-insured programs for damage to vehicles and general liability claims for amounts up to \$100,000 and workers' compensation claims for amounts up to \$250,000. The Authority carries insurance coverage for excess liability limited to \$2,000,000 per occurrence for vehicle and general liability claims. The Authority's excess workers' compensation program provides protection consistent with Florida Statutes. For the past three years, insurance settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage and there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the previous year.

The liabilities for these self-insurance programs currently recorded as claims and judgments were determined by actuarial valuation not discounted and include estimates for incurred but not reported claims. Non-incremental claims adjustment expenses are also included as part of the liability for claims.

The Authority's health plans are also self-insured up to an aggregate claim limit of \$9,398,437 and \$8,589,815 for the years ending September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Authority carries insurance coverage for all claims in excess of those maximum limits. Since the Authority met those limits as of September 30, 2020 and 2019, no liability for claims payable and incurred but not reported claims has been established.

Notes to Financial Statements

(7) Risk Management (Continued)

The incurred claims in the following reconciliation of claims liabilities includes prior years' estimated claims settled without payment and year-end adjustment to estimated claims liability.

	_(Workers' Compensation	<u> </u>	General Liability		Total
Claims reserve - September 30, 2017		916,439		3,102,861		4,019,300
Claims incurred		1,449,138		313,641		1,762,779
Claim payments		(1,230,352)	_	(619,111)		(1,849,463)
Claims reserve - September 30, 2018		1,135,225		2,797,391		3,932,616
Claims incurred		272,502		1,020,179		1,292,681
Claim payments		(556,273)	_	(910,576)	_	(1,466,849)
Claims reserve - September 30, 2019		851,454		2,906,994		3,758,448
Claims incurred		47,902		465,099		513,001
Claim payments		(44,739)		(315,862)		(360,601)
Claims reserve - September 30, 2020	\$	854,617	\$	3,056,231	\$	3,910,848
		2020		2019		
Claims and judgments						
Due within one year	\$	1,231,449	\$	1,215,409		
Due in more than one year		2,679,399	_	2,543,039		
	\$	3,910,848	\$_	3,758,448		

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Florida Retirement System (FRS) was created by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes, to provide a defined benefit pension plan for participating public employees. The FRS was amended in 1998 to add the Deferred Retirement Option Program under the defined benefit plan and amended in 2000 to provide a defined contribution plan alternative to the defined benefit plan for FRS members effective July 1, 2002. This integrated defined contribution pension plan is the FRS Investment Plan. Chapter 112, Florida Statutes, established the Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy (HIS) Program, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, to assist retired members of any State-administered retirement system in paying the costs of health insurance.

Essentially all regular employees of the Authority are eligible to enroll as members of the State-administered FRS. Provisions relating to the FRS are established by Chapters 121 and 122, Florida Statutes; Chapter 112, Part IV, Florida Statutes; Chapter 238, Florida Statutes; and FRS Rules, Chapter 60S, Florida Administrative Code; wherein eligibility, contributions, and benefits are defined and described in detail. Such provisions may be amended at any time by further action from the Florida Legislature. The FRS is a single retirement system administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement, and consists of the two cost-sharing,

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans - Continued</u>

multiple-employer defined benefit plans and other nonintegrated programs. A comprehensive annual financial report of the FRS, which includes its financial statements, required supplementary information, actuarial report, and other relevant information, is available from the Florida Department of Management Services' website.

(www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications).

The Authority's pension expense totaled \$7,436,665 and \$6,953,850 for both the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Authority's pension liability totaled \$41,793,466 and \$35,250,181 for the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Authority's deferred inflows totaled \$1,345,377 and \$2,652,812 for both the FRS Pension Plan and the HIS Plan for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Authority's deferred outflows totaled \$12,151,592 and \$11,378,722 for both the FRS Pension Plan and HIS Plan for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan

(a) Plan Description

The Florida Retirement System Pension Plan (FRS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, with a Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP) for eligible employees. The general classes of membership are as follows:

Regular Class – Members of the FRS who do not qualify for membership in the other classes.

Elected County Officers Class – Members who hold specified elective offices in local government.

Senior Management Service Class (SMSC) – Members in senior management level positions.

Special Risk Class – Members who are special risk employees, such as law enforcement officers, meet the criteria to qualify for this class.

Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan prior to July 1, 2011, vest at six years of creditable service and employees enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, vest at eight years of creditable service. All vested members, enrolled prior to July 1, 2011, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 62 or at any age after 30 years of service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 or at any age after 25 years of service. All members enrolled in the FRS Plan on or after July 1, 2011, once vested, are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 65 or any time after 33 years of creditable service, except for members classified as special risk who are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 60 or at any age after 30 years of service. Employees enrolled in the FRS Plan may include up to four years of credit for military service toward creditable service. The FRS Plan also includes an early retirement provision; however, there is a benefit reduction for each year a member retires before his or her normal retirement date. The FRS Plan provides retirement, disability, death benefits, and annual cost-of-living adjustments to eligible participants. DROP, subject to provisions of Section 121.091, Florida Statutes, permits employees eligible for normal retirement under the FRS Plan to defer receipt of monthly benefit payments while

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued</u>

continuing employment with an FRS participating employer. An employee may participate in DROP for a period not to exceed 60 months after electing to participate, except that certain instructional personnel may participate for up to 96 months. During the period of DROP participation, deferred monthly benefits are held in the FRS Trust Fund and accrue interest. The net pension liability does not include amounts for DROP participants, as these members are considered retired and are not accruing additional pension benefits.

(b) **Benefits Provided**

Benefits under the FRS Plan are computed on the basis of age and/or years of service, average final compensation, and service credit. Credit for each year of service is expressed as a percentage of the average final compensation. For members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the five highest fiscal years' earnings; for members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, the average final compensation is the average of the eight highest fiscal years' earnings. The total percentage value of the benefit received is determined by calculating the total value of all service, which is based on the retirement class to which the member belonged when the service credit was earned. Members are eligible for in-line-of-duty or regular disability and survivors' benefits. The following chart shows the percentage value for each year of service credit earned.

Class, Initial Enrollment, and Retirement Age/Years of Service:	% Value
Regular Class members initially enrolled before July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 62 or up to 30 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 63 or up to 31 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 64 or up to 32 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.68
Regular Class members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011	
Retirement up to age 65 or up to 33 years of service	1.60
Retirement up to age 66 or up to 34 years of service	1.63
Retirement up to age 67 or up to 35 years of service	1.65
Retirement up to age 68 or up to 36 years of service	1.68

As provided in Section 121.101, Florida Statutes, if the member is initially enrolled in the FRS before July 1, 2011, and all service credit was accrued before July 1, 2011, the annual cost-of-living adjustment is 3% per year. If the member is initially enrolled before July 1, 2011, and has service credit on or after July 1, 2011, there is an individually calculated cost-of-living adjustment. The annual cost-of-living adjustment is a proportion of 3% determined by dividing the sum of the pre-July 2011 service credit by the total service credit at retirement multiplied by 3%. FRS Plan members initially enrolled on or after July 1, 2011, will not have a cost-of-living adjustment after retirement.

(c) Contributions

The Florida Legislature establishes contribution rates for participating employers and employees. Effective July 1, 2011, all FRS Plan members (except those in DROP) are required to make 3% employee contributions on a pretax basis. The employer contribution rates by job class in the tables below were applied to employee salaries to determine monthly contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued</u>

The Authority's contributions to the FRS Plan were \$2,402,053 and \$2,206,623 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Contribution Rates - Employer - 2020

Job Class	October 1, 2019 - June 30, 2020	July 1, 2020 - September 30, 2020
Regular	8.47%	10.00%
Special Risk	25.48%	24.45%
Special Risk Administrative Support	38.59%	35.84%
Elected County Officers	48.82%	49.18%
Senior Management	25.41%	27.29%
DROP Participants	14.60%	16.98%
Above rates include HIS Plan subsidy of:	1.66%	1.66%

Contribution Rates - Employer - 2019

		July 1, 2019 -
	October 1, 2018 -	September 30,
Job Class	June 30, 2019	2019
Regular	8.26%	8.47%
Special Risk	24.50%	25.48%
Special Risk Administrative Support	34.98%	38.59%
Elected County Officers	48.70%	48.82%
Senior Management	24.06%	25.41%
DROP Participants	14.03%	14.60%
Above rates include HIS Plan subsidy of:	1.66%	1.66%

(d) Pension Costs

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority reported a liability of \$29,717,368 and \$23,972,635, respectively, for its proportionate share of the FRS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an annual actuarial valuation as of July 1. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's contributions received by FRS during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1 through June 30, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of FRS's participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the Authority's proportion was 0.06857%, which was a decrease of 0.00104% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the Authority's proportion was 0.06961%, which was an increase of 0.00265% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$6,297,422 for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the Authority reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

FRS Deferred Inflows/Outflows - 2020

	C	Deferred Outflows of	Defe	erred Inflows
Description]	Resources	of	Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 1,137,344			\$ -
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		5,379,789		-
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		1,769,401		-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Entity Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions		639,088		425,709
Entity Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date		645,208		
Total	\$	9,570,830	\$	425,709

\$645,208 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions to the FRS Plan subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Amount
2021	\$ 1,743,820
2022	2,695,736
2023	2,296,790
2024	1,387,577
2025	343,441
Thereafter	32,549

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$5,915,515, for its proportionate share of FRS's pension expense. In addition, the Authority reported its proportionate share of FRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

FRS Deferred Inflows/Outflows - 2019

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 1,421,886	\$	14,877	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	6,157,204		-	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Entity Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	- 869,050		1,326,291 333,158	
Entity Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	 521,288		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$ 8,969,428	\$	1,674,326	

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued

(e) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 and the July 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Inflation per year	2.40%	2.60%
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Investment Rate of Return Net of Pension		
Plan Investment Expense, Including Inflation	7.00%	7.20%
	Individual Entry	Individual Entry
Actuarial Cost Method	Age	Age

Mortality rates were based on PUB-2010 base table varies by member and sex, projected generationally with scale MP 2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study completed in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013, through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was not based on historical returns, but instead is based on a forward-looking capital market economic model. The allocation policy's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes an adjustment for the inflation assumption. The target allocation, as outlined in the FRS Plan's investment policy, and best estimates of arithmetic and geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

FRS Investment Rate of Return - 2020

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	2.2%	2.2%	1.2%
Fixed Income	19.0%	3.0%	2.9%	3.5%
Global Equity	54.2%	8.0%	6.7%	17.1%
Real Estate (Property)	10.3%	6.4%	5.8%	11.7%
Private Equity	11.1%	10.8%	8.1%	25.7%
Strategic Investments	4.4%	5.5%	5.3%	6.9%
Totals	100%			
Assumed Inflation – Mean			2.4%	1.7%

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued

FRS Investment Rate of Return - 2019

			Compound	
		Annual	Annual	
	Target	Arithmetic	(Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation	Return	Return	Deviation
Cash	1.0%	3.3%	3.3%	1.2%
Fixed Income	18.0%	4.1%	4.1%	3.5%
Global Equity	54.0%	8.0%	6.8%	16.5%
Real Estate (Property)	10.0%	6.7%	6.1%	11.7%
Private Equity	11.0%	11.2%	8.4%	25.8%
Strategic Investments	6.0%	5.9%	5.7%	6.7%
Totals	100%			
Assumed Inflation – Mean			2.6%	1.7%

(f) <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.80% and 6.90% for the FRS Plan for the actuarial valuation date July 1, 2020 and July 1, 2019, respectively. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rate specified in statute. Based on that assumption, each of the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(g) Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the FRS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

FRS Pension Liability Sensitivity – 2020

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
FRS Plan Discount Rate	5.80%	6.80%	7.80%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the FRS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 47,453,643	\$ 29,717,368	\$ 14,903,955

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Florida Retirement System Pension Plan) - Continued

(g) Pension Liability Sensitivity - Continued

FRS Pension Liability Sensitivity – 2019

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
FRS Plan Discount Rate	5.90%	6.90%	7.90%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the FRS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 41,440,703	\$ 23,972,635	\$ 9,383,843

(h) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the FRS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications/annual reports.

(i) Payables to the FRS Plan

At September 30, 2020 and 2019 the Authority reported no payables for outstanding amounts of contributions to the FRS plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program

(a) Plan Description

The Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program (HIS Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established under Section 112.363, Florida Statutes, and may be amended by the Florida Legislature at any time. The benefit is a monthly payment to assist retirees of State-administered retirement systems in paying their health insurance costs and is administered by the Florida Department of Management Services, Division of Retirement.

(b) Benefits Provided

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, eligible retirees and beneficiaries received a monthly HIS payment of \$5 for each year of creditable service completed at the time of retirement, with a minimum HIS payment of \$30 and a maximum HIS payment of \$150 per month, pursuant to Section 112.363, Florida Statutes. To be eligible to receive a HIS Plan benefit, a retiree under a State-administered retirement system must provide proof of health insurance coverage, which may include Medicare.

(c) Contributions

The HIS Plan is funded by required contributions from FRS participating employers as set by the Florida Legislature. Employer contributions are a percentage of gross compensation for all active FRS members. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019, the contribution rate was 1.66% of payroll pursuant to section 112.363, Florida Statues. The Authority contributed 100% of its statutorily required contributions for the current and preceding 3 years. HIS Plan contributions are deposited in a separate trust fund from which payments are authorized. HIS Plan benefits are not guaranteed and are subject to annual legislative appropriation. In the event the legislative appropriation or available funds fail to provide full subsidy benefits to all participants, benefits may be reduced or canceled. The Authority's contributions to the HIS Plan were \$569,941 and \$566,789 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(d) Pension Costs

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority reported a liability of \$12,706,098 and \$11,277,546, respectively, for its proportionate share of the HIS Plan's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by annual actuarial valuations as of July 1. The Authority's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Authority's contributions received during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1 through June 30, relative to the total employer contributions received from all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the Authority's proportion was 0.0989% which was an decrease of 0.00189% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2019, the Authority's proportion was 0.10079% which was an increase of 0.00478% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program)</u> - Continued

(d) Pension Costs - Continued

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$1,139,243 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the Authority reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

HIS Deferred Inflows/Outflows - 2020

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$ 493,986	\$ 9,316	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	1,298,524	702,178	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Program Investments	9,642	-	
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Authority Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	648,165	208,174	
Authority Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	130,446		
Total	\$ 2,580,762	\$ 919,668	

\$130,446 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Authority contributions to the HIS Subsidy Program subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Amount
2021	\$362,956
2022	285,013
2023	122,292
2024	203,180
2025	254,564
Thereafter	302,643

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program)</u> - Continued

(d) Pension Costs - Continued

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Authority recognized pension expense of \$1,038,335 for its proportionate share of HIS's pension expense. In addition, the Authority reported its proportionate share of HIS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

HIS Deferred Inflows/Outflows - 2019

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience	\$136,978	\$ 13,809
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	1,305,833	921,735
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual Earnings on HIS Program Investments	7,277	-
Changes in Proportion and Differences Between Authority Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	829,842	42,942
Authority Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date Total	129,364 \$ 2,409,294	\$ 978,486
10111	Ψ 2,107,274	Ψ 270,400

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program) - Continued

(e) Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 and July 1, 2019, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
Inflation per year	2.40%	2.60%
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25%	3.25%
Municipal Bond Rate	2.21%	3.50%

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 base table projected generationally with Scale MP-2018. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study of the FRS Pension Plan complete in 2019 for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2018.

(f) Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.21% and 3.50% for the HIS Plan for the actuarial valuation date July 1, 2020 and July 1, 2019, respectively. In general, the discount rate for calculating the total pension liability is equal to the single rate equivalent to discounting at the long-term expected rate of return for benefit payments prior to the projected depletion date. Because the HIS benefit is essentially funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the depletion date is considered to be immediate, and the single equivalent discount rate is equal to the municipal bond rate selected by the HIS Plan sponsor. The Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index was adopted as the applicable municipal bond index.

(g) Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the HIS Plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plans (Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program)</u> - Continued

HIS Pension Liability Sensitivity - 2020

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate	1.21%	2.21%	3.21%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 13,959,431	\$ 12,076,098	\$ 10,534,596

HIS Pension Liability Sensitivity - 2019

Description	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate
HIS Plan Discount Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the HIS Plan Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,873,897	\$ 11,277,546	\$ 9,947,967

(h) Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the HIS Plan's fiduciary's net position is available in a separately issued FRS Pension Plan and Other State-Administered Systems Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. That report may be obtained through the Florida Department of Management Services website at:

www.dms.myflorida.com/workforce operations/retirement/publications.

(i) Payables to the HIS Plan

At September 30, 2020 and 2019 the Authority reported no payables for outstanding amounts of contributions to the HIS plan.

Defined Contribution Plan

The Florida State Board of Administration (SBA) administers the defined contribution plan officially titled the FRS Investment Plan (Investment Plan). The Investment Plan is reported in the SBA's annual financial statements and in the State of Florida Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

As provided in Section 121.4501, Florida Statutes, eligible FRS members may elect to participate in the Investment Plan in lieu of the FRS defined benefit plan. Authority employees participating in DROP are not eligible to participate in the Investment Plan. Employer and employee contributions, including amounts contributed to individual member's accounts, are defined by law, but the ultimate benefit depends in part on the performance of investment funds. Benefit terms, including contribution requirements, for the Investment Plan are established and may be amended by the Florida Legislature. The Investment Plan is funded with the same employer and employee contribution rates that are based on salary and membership class (Regular Class, Elected County Officers, etc.), as the FRS defined benefit plan. Contributions are

Notes to Financial Statements

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans – Continued

directed to individual member accounts, and the individual members allocate contributions and account balances among various approved investment choices. Costs of administering the plan, including the FRS Financial Guidance Program, are funded through an employer contribution of 0.06% of payroll through June 30, 2019 then 0.06% of payroll through contribution of 0.06% of payroll through June 30, 2020 then 0.06% of payroll through September 30, 2020 and by forfeited benefits of plan members. Allocations to the member accounts during the 2019-20 fiscal year and the 2018-19 fiscal year, as established by Section 121.72, Florida Statutes, were based on a percentage of gross compensation, by class, as follows: During the 2019-20, Regular class 6.60%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 8.43%, Special Risk class 16.54%, Senior Management Service class 7.98% and County Elected Officers class 11.95%. During the 2017-18, Regular class 6.60%, Special Risk Administrative Support class 8.43%, Special Risk class 16.48%, Senior Management Service class 7.98% and County Elected Officers class 11.95%. These allocations include a required employee contribution of 3% of gross compensation for each member class.

For all membership classes, employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and are vested after 1 year of service for employer contributions and investment earnings. If an accumulated benefit obligation for service credit originally earned under the FRS Pension Plan is transferred to the Investment Plan, the member must have the years of service required for FRS Pension Plan vesting (including the service credit represented by the transferred funds) to be vested for these funds and the earnings on the funds. Non-vested employer contributions are placed in a suspense account for up to five years. If the employee returns to FRS-covered employment within the five-year period, the employee will regain control over their account. If the employee does not return within the five-year period, the employee will forfeit the accumulated account balance. For the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, the information for the amount of forfeitures was unavailable from the SBA; however, management believes that these amounts, if any, would be immaterial to the Authority.

After termination and applying to receive benefits, the member may rollover vested funds to another qualified plan, structure a periodic payment under the Investment Plan, receive a lump-sum distribution, leave the funds invested for future distribution, or any combination of these options. Disability coverage is provided; the member may either transfer the account balance to the FRS Pension Plan when approved for disability retirement to receive guaranteed lifetime monthly benefits under the FRS Pension Plan or remain in the Investment Plan and rely upon that account balance for retirement income.

The Authority's Investment Plan pension expense totaled \$571,735 and \$458,441 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Employee contributions to the Investment Plan totaled \$194,310 and \$166,466 for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements

(9) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The Authority had previously adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). GASB 75 requires governments to recognize their total OPEB obligation, and deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense in the financial statements based on the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments, rather than the smaller net OPEB obligation based on the contribution requirements. The Authority provides postretirement healthcare benefits in accordance with Florida Statutes to all employees who retire from the employ of the Authority. The retiree pays 100% of the blended premium cost (rate) for the retiree to participate in the Authority's insurance program. These blended premium rates provide an implicit rate subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The difference in the rate a retiree would pay if in a plan separate from active employees is considered the rate differential. Since the retiree pays 100% of the blended premium cost rate, there is no explicit rate subsidy provided by the Authority to retirees.

(a) Plan Description

The authority administers an employer defined benefit healthcare plan that provides medical insurance benefits to its employees and their eligible dependents. In accordance with Section 112.0801 of the *Florida Statutes*, because the Authority provides a medical plan to active employees of the Authority and their eligible dependents, the Authority is also required to provide retirees with the opportunity to participate in the plan. Retirees and their dependents are charged the full premium for coverage through the plan. To be eligible to receive retiree medical benefits, participants must be eligible for normal retirement benefits under the FRS and pay the required contributions. The requirements for eligibility for benefits are age 62 with six years of service, or 30 years of service with no age requirement for persons hired before July 1, 2011. The requirements for eligibility for benefits are age 65 with eight years of service, or 33 years of service with no age requirement for persons hired on or after July 1, 2011.

The benefits are provided through Cigna and provide hospital, medical and prescription coverage. Benefit duration is through age 65.

Contribution rates for the Plan are established on an annual basis by the Board of Directors. Eligible retirees and their covered dependents receiving benefits contribute 100% of their premium cost for the plan. The postretirement hospital, medical, and prescription coverage are currently funded on a cash basis (pay-as-you-go) as benefits are paid. No assets have been segregated, restricted, or held in trust to pay for postemployment benefits.

The plan is a single employer defined benefit plan.

Notes to Financial Statements

(9) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

(a) Plan Description continued

The number of employees covered by benefit terms as of October 1, 2019, the most recent actuarial valuation date, are as follows:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	3
Retirees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Employees	586
Total participants covered by OPEB plan	589

(b) <u>Total OPEB Liability</u>

At September 30, 2020 and 2019, the Authority reported a liability of \$2,668,569 and \$2,452,283, respectively, for its total OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of October 1, 2019.

(c) Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the October 1, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	October 1, 2019	
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:		
Current Year Trend	5.00%	
Second Year Trend	8.00%	
Decrement	0.50%	
Ultimate Trend	4.50%	
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2028	
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	

The discount rate of 2.41% was based on the yield for the 20-year tax-exempt high-quality general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale) as of September 30, 2020. Mortality rates were based on the SOA Pub-2010 General Headcount Weighted Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2018.

Notes to Financial Statements

(9) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

(d) Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	2020	2019
Changes for the Year:	 	
Service cost	\$ 188,521	\$ 87,502
Interest on OPEB obligation	92,269	76,146
Experience	(91,621)	(231,264)
Assumptions	155,158	579,342
Employer contributions	 (128,041)	 (126,608)
Change in total OPEB obligation	216,286	385,118
Total OPEB obligation - beginning of year	 2,452,283	 2,067,165
Total OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 2,668,569	\$ 2,452,283

(e) Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's total OPEB liability for the OPEB plan, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the actuarial assumptions, as well as what the Authority's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity Discount Rate-2020

	1%	Current Discount	
Description	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan Discount Rate	1.41%	2.41%	3.41%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,800,761	\$ 2,668,569	\$ 2,535,870

Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity Discount Rate-2019

	1%	Current Discount	
Description	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan Discount Rate	2.58%	3.58%	4.58%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,585,257	\$ 2,452,283	\$ 2,321,197

Notes to Financial Statements

(9) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) - Continued

(f) Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the Authority's total OPEB liability for the OPEB plan, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate disclosed in the actuarial assumptions, as well as what the Authority's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – 2020

		Current Healthcare	
	1%	Cost Trend	
Description	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB Plan Healthcare			
Cost Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Total OPEB Obligation	\$ 2,367,642	\$ 2,668,569	\$ 3,021,184

Total OPEB Liability Sensitivity Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – 2019

	1%	Current Healthcare Cost Trend	
Description OPEB Plan Healthcare	Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
Cost Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Total OPEB Obligation	\$ 2,197,419	\$ 2,452,283	\$ 2,748,896

(g) **OPEB Costs**

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$212,289. In addition, the Authority reported OPEB deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

OPEB Deferred Inflows/Outflows – 2020

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$ 37,882 543,114	\$ (545,404) (36,626)
Total	\$ 580,996	\$ (581,030)

Notes to Financial Statements

(9) Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) – Continued

(g) **OPEB Costs continued**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources will be recognized as an increase (decrease) in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended September 30	Amount
2021	(68,501)
2022	(68,501)
2023	16,338
2024	60,315
2025	60,315
Thereafter	0

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the Authority recognized OPEB expense of \$84,557. In addition, the Authority reported OPEB deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources from the following sources:

OPEB Deferred Inflows/Outflows – 2019

	Deferred	
	Outflows of	Deferred Inflows
Description	Resources	of Resources
Differences Between Expected and Actual Economic Experience Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	\$ 54,061 496,579	\$ 631,868 50,844
Total	\$ 550,640	\$ 682,712

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Grant Expenditures Subject to Audit

The Authority receives funding through capital grants and operating assistance grants from the FTA and from FDOT. Expenditures financed by capital and operating assistance grants are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency. Any disallowed expenditure may need to be repaid to the granting agency; however, it is management's opinion that no material liabilities will result from any such audits.

(b) Fuel Contract Commitment

The Authority periodically enters into fuel purchase contracts to help mitigate against the possibility of fluctuating fuel prices throughout the year. At September 30, 2020, the Authority has committed to buy approximately \$2.9 million in fuel over the next fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements

(c) Construction and Service Contract Commitments

The Authority has active construction projects as of September 30, 2020. The major projects and contracts include the Central Avenue BRT, the purchase of trolleys and electric buses.

Projects/Contracts As of September 30, 2020

Project / Contracts	Committed	Remaining
ADA Landing Pads	\$292,901	\$141,848
AV Pilot Project	\$136,000	\$12,600
Cisco Swith Project	\$158,000	\$158,000
Clearwater Multimodal Terminal	\$159,955	\$19,727
Downtown Circulator Stops	\$82,719	\$25,091
Hastus	\$500,000	\$292,787
Heavy Duty Vehicle Lifts	\$1,384,723	\$649,039
Park Street Terminal Roof	\$107,063	\$27,112
Purchase Electric LowNo Buses	\$3,667,144	\$3,539,787
Regional Fare Collection Project	\$2,982,484	\$316,637
Security & Safety Systems	\$156,555	\$107,019
Shelters	\$726,718	\$3,727
SMS Document Updates	\$95,000	\$33,229
SunRunner	\$32,191,060	\$22,128,425
Sustainability Plan	\$165,757	\$120,287
TAMs Consultant	\$61,885	\$39,862
TOD Project	\$475,991	\$77,664
Trolley Purchase	\$9,135,595	\$9,135,595
Wheel Alignment Machine	\$38,516	\$38,516
Total	\$52,518,066	\$36,866,952

(d) COVID-19

In March 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of COVID-19 as a "public health emergency of international concern," which continues to spread throughout the world and has adversely impacted global commercial activity. The COVID-19 outbreak and government responses are creating disruption in global supply chains and impacting many industries. The outbreak could have a continued material, adverse impact on economic and market conditions and could trigger a period of global economic slowdown. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to the ultimate material, adverse impact of the COVID-19 outbreak. Nevertheless, the outbreak presents uncertainty and risk with respect to the Authority, its performance and its financial results.

(11) Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA) was passed. Specific to the Authority, CRRSAA will provide an additional \$15 million in Federal Transit Agency COVID-19 5307 formula funding to cover costs of operations only.

SECTION III

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

Last Ten Measurement Periods (Unaudited)

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
OPEB Liability Beginning of Year	\$ 2,452,283	\$ 2,067,165	\$ 1,923,009	\$ 2,905,979	\$ 2,943,847
Changes for the Year:					
Service Cost	188,521	87,502	89,211	107,472	107,215
Interest on OPEB Liability	92,269	76,146	68,184	77,647	78,460
Changes of Benefit Terms	-	-	-	-	-
Difference Between Actual and Expected Experience	(91,621)	(231,264)	86,420	(844,549)	24,974
Changes of Assumptions	155,158	579,342	-	(96,494)	-
Benefit Payments	(128,041)	(126,608)	(99,659)	(227,046)	 (248,517)
OPEB Liability End of Year	\$ 2,668,569	\$ 2,452,283	\$ 2,067,165	\$ 1,923,009	\$ 2,905,979
Covered Payroll	\$ 33,175,766	\$ 31,479,917	\$ 30,388,585	\$ 29,753,116	\$ 27,439,156

^{*} The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of September 30.

Note 1: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Note 2: The Authority has no assets segregated, restricted, or held in a irrevocable trust to pay for OPEB benefits.

Note 3: In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2017, the actuarial assumption for healthcare cost trend rates decreased and the discount rate increased.

Note 4: In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the actuarial assumption for per capita costs was updated using a new costing method, the mortality table was updated, as were the termination tables. Retirement tables, payroll growth tables, and the measurement date discount rate were also updated, as were health care trend rates.

Note 5: In the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020, the actuarial assumption for the measurement date discount rate was updated.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability – Pension Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	0.068565662%	0.069609768%	0.066960334%	0.068003875%	0.063517223%	0.066955424%	0.065424235%
Liability	\$ 29,717,368	\$ 23,972,635	\$ 20,168,800	\$ 20,115,090	\$ 16,038,149	\$ 8,648,191	\$ 3,991,840
Authority's Covered Payroll ** Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	\$ 34,329,612	\$ 33,715,964	\$ 31,365,733	\$ 30,821,174	\$ 28,037,676	\$ 27,438,151	\$ 26,402,185
Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total	115.52%	140.64%	155.52%	79.51%	63.54%	31.77%	15.12%
Pension Liability	78.85 %	82.61 %	84.26 %	83.89%	84.88%	92.00%	96.09%

^{*} The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of June 30.

^{**} Authority's covered payroll represents pensonable wages of all FRS participants in the traditional FRS pension and in the investment plan as of the measurement date. Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Ten Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	0.098904665%	0.100791376%	0.096011200%	0.096598126%	0.090789279%	0.090450945%	0.088831612%
Liability	\$ 12,076,098	\$ 11,277,546	\$ 10,161,933	\$ 10,328,717	\$ 10,581,114	\$ 9,224,574	\$ 8,305,972
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$ 34,329,612	\$ 33,715,964	\$ 31,365,733	\$ 30,821,174	\$ 28,037,676	\$ 27,438,151	\$ 26,402,185
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the total	284.28%	298.97%	308.66%	33.51%	37.74%	33.62%	31.46%
Pension Liability	3.00%	2.63%	2.15%	1.64%	0.97%	0.50%	0.99%

^{*} The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of June 30.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Contributions – Pension Plan

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Florida Retirement System Pension Plan Last Ten Fiscal Years*	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Contractually	\$ 2,402,053	\$ 2,206,623	\$ 1,954,193	\$ 1,733,196	\$ 1,608,061	\$ 1,607,344	\$ 1,547,917
Required Contribution	(2,402,053)	(2,206,623)	(1,954,193)	(1,733,196)	(1,608,061)	(1,607,344)	(1,547,917)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Authority's Covered Payroll	\$34,394,741	\$34,143,901	\$31,729,648	\$ 30,248,671	\$28,199,337	\$27,229,593	\$26,777,717
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	6.98%	6.46%	6.16%	5.73%	5.70%	5.90%	5.78%

^{*}The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of September 30.

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

Retiree Health Insurance Subsidy Program Last Ten Fiscal Years* 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 571,023 566,789 501,622 \$ 468,518 Contractually Required Contribution 526,712 376,752 325,698 Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution (501,622)(571,023)(566,789)(526,712)(468,518)(376,752)(325,698)Contribution Deficiency (Excess) \$ Authority's Covered Payroll \$34,394,741 \$34,143,901 \$31,729,648 \$ 30,248,671 \$28,199,337 \$27,229,593 \$26,777,717 Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.66% 1.38% 1.22%

Note: Information is required to be presented for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Authority will present information for only those years for which information is available.

^{**} Authority's covered payroll represents pensonable wages of all FRS participants in the traditional FRS pension and in the investment plan as of the measurement date. Authority's covered payroll is defined by GASB Statement 82 and applied to 2017 through 2014 for comparative purposes.

^{*}The Amounts Presented for Each Fiscal Year were Determined as of September 30.

SECTION IV

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Authority's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

Financial Trends	69
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	Authority's
Revenue Capacity	77
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Authority's sources especially the most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	of revenue,
Demographic and Economic Information	83
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader under environment within which the Authority's financial activities take place.	erstand the
Operating Information	86
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understain information in the Authority's financial report relates to the services the Authority pr	

the activities it performs.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

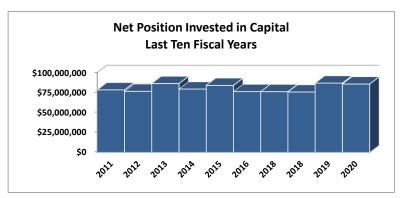
Financial Trends

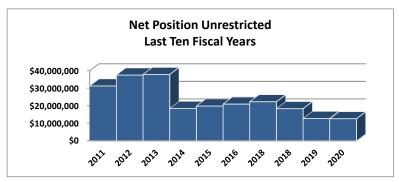
- ➤ Net Position by Components (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Changes in Net Position (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Revenues by Function/Program (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- Expenses by Function/Program (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Property Tax Revenue by Year (FY 2011 FY 2020)

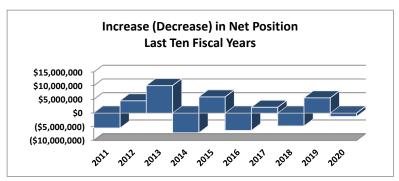
Net Position by Components

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

		Fiscal Y	'ear	
	2011	2012 2013	3 2014	2015
Business Type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 78,170,420	\$ 76,411,608 \$ 86,15	56,611 \$ 79,199,247	\$ 83,810,021
Restricted	26,619	51,229 6	51,972 74,992	13,020
Unrestricted	31,318,850	37,554,309 37,86	52,802 18,489,859 (1) 19,865,822
Total net position	\$ 109,515,889	\$ 114,017,146 \$ 124,08	\$ 97,764,098	\$ 103,688,863
		Fiscal Y	'ear	
	2016	2017 2018	2019	2020
Business Type Activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 76,019,269	\$ 75,914,243 \$ 75,48	33,987 \$ 86,661,740	\$ 85,482,712
Restricted	350,630	381,789 5	55,289 30,925	159,449
Unrestricted	20,993,888	22,316,124 (2) 18,38	33,748 12,801,579	12,623,921
Total net position	\$ 97,363,787	\$ 98,612,156 \$ 93,92	\$ 99,494,244	\$ 98,266,082







- (1) Restated to conform to GASB Statement 68.
- (2) Restated to conform to GASB Statement 75.

Changes in Net Position

Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020

	Fiscal Year									
		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015
Operating revenues:										
Passenger fares	\$	12,788,411	(1)	\$ 14,279,728	(1)	\$ 14,098,511	(1)	\$ 13,585,399		\$ 12,194,799
Demand response		1,032,194	(1)	1,056,808	(1)	1,098,822	(1)	1,079,160	(1)	1,143,997
Advertising revenue		395,847	(1)	439,557	(1)	417,851	(1)	248,224		485,359
Total operating revenues	_	14,216,452		15,776,093		15,615,184		14,912,783		13,824,155
Operating expenses:										
Transportation		30,351,762		32,524,451		33,907,097		33,663,536		34,879,734
Purchased Transportation		6,421,346	(1)	5,854,472	(1)	6,556,558	(1)	6,846,800	(1)	7,444,573
Maintenance		7,604,823		7,256,709		8,172,956		8,374,708		8,902,528
Administration and finance		10,243,021		9,333,777		9,762,130		10,767,137		11,465,894
Marketing	_	1,826,406		1,702,420		2,202,059		2,591,069		708,839
Total operating expenses, before										
depreciation	_	56,447,358		56,671,829		60,600,800		62,243,250		63,401,568
Operating loss before depreciation		(42,230,906)		(40,895,736)		(44,985,616)		(47,330,467)		(49,577,413)
Depreciation		8,156,263		7,694,806		8,487,063		9,723,423		10,436,619
Operating loss	_	(50,387,169)		(48,590,542)		(53,472,679)		(57,053,890)		(60,014,032)
Nonoperating revenues:										
Federal maintenance assistance		2,453,338		7,213,949	(1)	6,045,338	(1)	4,819,162	(1)	5,016,216
State operating assistance		3,567,209		3,847,388		3,917,007		4,015,888		4,086,490
Other federal grants		5,898,891		1,916,693	(1)	1,189,876	(1)	1,946,552	(1)	1,378,600
Special project assistance - state grants		777,813		1,124,795		3,004,543		2,994,467		3,169,227
Special project assistance - local grants		638,668		672,877		767,849		833,222		873,441
Property tax revenues, net		26,868,560		33,009,275		32,282,955		33,365,462		35,592,336
Investment income		127,470		221,905		146,824		55,618		193,039
Fuel tax refunds		560,059		610,910		610,172		613,721		649,202
Other, net		155,824		130,357		16,544		67,955		(14,055)
Total nonoperating revenues	_	41,047,832		48,748,149		47,981,108		48,712,047		50,944,496
(Loss) income before capital grants										
and special item		(9,339,337)		157,607		(5,491,571)		(8,341,843)		(9,069,536)
Capital grants and other related revenues	_	3,919,798		4,343,650		15,555,810		1,052,867		14,994,301
Contributed capital - local government		-		-		-		100,000		-
Contributed capital - private sources		-								
Increase (decrease) in net position		(5,419,539)		4,501,257		10,064,239		(7,188,976)		5,924,765
Net position, beginning of year		114,935,428		109,515,889		114,017,146		104,953,074	(2)	97,764,098
Net position, end of year	\$	109,515,889		\$ 114,017,146		\$ 124,081,385		\$ 97,764,098		\$ 103,688,863

⁽¹⁾ This has been reclassified to conform to current year's classifications. (2) This has been restated to conform to GASB Statements 68 and 71.

Revenues by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

	Fiscal Year											
		2011			2012			2013			2014	2015
Operating revenues:						•			,			
Passenger fares	\$	12,788,411		\$	14,279,728		\$	14,098,511		\$	13,585,399	\$ 12,194,799
Demand response		1,032,194	(1)		1,056,808	(1)		1,098,822	(1)		1,079,160	1,143,997
Advertising revenue	_	395,847			439,557	•	_	417,851	•	_	248,224	485,359
Total operating revenues		14,216,452			15,776,093	•	_	15,615,184		_	14,912,783	13,824,155
Nonoperating revenues:												
Federal maintenance assistance		2,453,338			7,213,949			6,045,338			4,819,162	5,016,216
State operating assistance		3,567,209			3,847,388			3,917,007			4,015,888	4,086,490
Other federal grants		5,898,891			1,916,693			1,189,876			1,946,552	1,378,600
Special project assistance - state grants		777,813			1,124,795			3,004,543			2,994,467	3,169,227
Special project assistance - local grants		638,668			672,877			767,849			833,222	873,441
Property tax revenues, net		26,868,560			33,009,275			32,282,955			33,365,462	35,592,336
Investment income Fuel tax refunds		127,470			221,905			146,824			55,618	193,039
Other, net		560,059 155,824			610,910 130,357			610,172 16,544			613,721 67,955	649,202 (14,055)
				_					,			
Total nonoperating revenues		41,047,832		_	48,748,149			47,981,108	•	_	48,712,047	50,944,496
Capital grants and other related revenues		3,919,798			4,343,650	•		15,555,810			1,052,867	14,994,301
Contributed capital - local government		-			-			-			100,000	-
Contributed capital - private sources						•				_		
Total all revenues	\$	59,184,082		\$	68,867,892	ı	\$	79,152,102	H	\$	64,777,697	\$ 79,762,952
							F	iscal Year				
		2016	,		2017			2018	,		2019	2020
Operating revenues:												
Passenger fares	\$	10,791,925		\$	9,535,246		\$	9,473,561		\$	9,129,892	\$ 4,165,445
Demand response		1,197,937			1,303,510			1,501,156			1,533,743	677,032
Advertising revenue		577,046			582,761			615,234			660,371	779,180
Total operating revenues		12,566,908			11,421,517		_	11,589,951			11,324,006	5,621,657
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):												
Federal maintenance assistance		4,979,539			5,009,268			5,026,849			4,975,583	4,571,923
State operating assistance		4,181,314			4,155,670			4,303,778			4,322,748	4,709,570
Other federal grants		935,330			967,084			1,504,617			2,618,763	12,515,684
Special project assistance - state grants		3,621,648			4,090,853			5,022,559			5,784,028	4,448,877
Special project assistance - local grants		922,275			1,174,823			1,282,808			1,715,148	1,412,272
Property tax revenues, net		38,166,312			41,607,265			45,389,030			49,113,559	53,031,249
Investment income		250,882			435,080			809,788			1,114,257	874,486
Fuel tax refunds		641,838			630,827			636,416			644,668	580,645
Other, net		313,578			(104,959)	•		228,008		_	(210,359)	90,453
Total nonoperating revenues		54,012,716			57,965,911	•	_	64,203,853			70,078,395	82,235,159
Capital grants and other related revenues		1,918,427			13,863,703	•		3,764,851			17,263,244	3,379,540
Contributed capital - local government		9,000			9,000			637,254			532,825	690,790
Contributed capital - private sources		-		_	23,320			38,746		_	91,919	8,884
Total all revenues	\$	68,507,051		\$	83,283,451	ı	\$	80,234,655	i	\$	99,290,389	\$ 91,936,030

⁽¹⁾ This has been reclassified to conform to current year's classifications.

Expenses by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

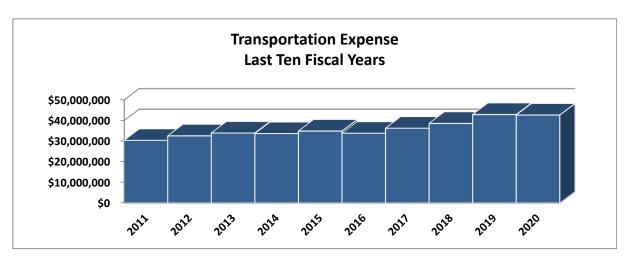
Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020

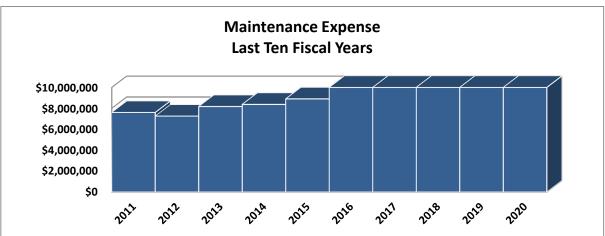
							F	iscal Year				
		2011			2012			2013		2014		2015
Operating expenses:			•			-			_			
Transportation	\$	30,351,762		\$	32,524,451		\$	33,907,097		\$ 33,663,536	\$	34,879,734
Purchased Transportation		6,421,346	(1)		5,854,472	(1)		6,556,558	(1)	6,846,800		7,444,573
Maintenance		7,604,823			7,256,709			8,172,956		8,374,708		8,902,528
Administration and finance		10,243,021			9,333,777			9,762,130		10,767,137		11,465,894
Marketing		1,826,406	-		1,702,420	-		2,202,059	-	 2,591,069	_	708,839
Total operating expenses, before												
depreciation		56,447,358		_	56,671,829			60,600,800		 62,243,250		63,401,568
Depreciation		8,156,263		_	7,694,806			8,487,063		 9,723,423		10,436,619
Total all expenses	\$	64,603,621	=	\$	64,366,635	•	\$	69,087,863	:	\$ 71,966,673	\$	73,838,187
								iscal Year				
	-	2016			2017			2018		2019		2020
Operating expenses:	_	2010	-		2017	-		2010	-	 2017		2020
Transportation	\$	33,815,879		\$	36,266,463	(1)		38,570,917		42,873,233		42,631,142
Purchased Transportation	Ψ	7,738,429		Ψ	9,637,695	(1)		11,627,971		12,123,292		10,538,164
Maintenance		10,178,517			11,536,994	(1)		11,510,788		12,203,763		12,759,510
Administration and finance		12,192,055			12,921,156	(1)		13,898,829		16,682,258		17,389,460
Marketing	_	657,700			819,842	(1)		943,235		 852,508		1,120,625
Total operating expenses, before												
depreciation		64,582,580		_	71,182,150			76,551,740		84,735,054		84,438,901
Depreciation		10,249,547			9,976,763			8,372,047	_	 8,984,115		8,725,291
Total all expenses	\$	74,832,127	_	\$	81,158,913		\$	84,923,787	_	\$ 93,719,169	\$	93,164,192

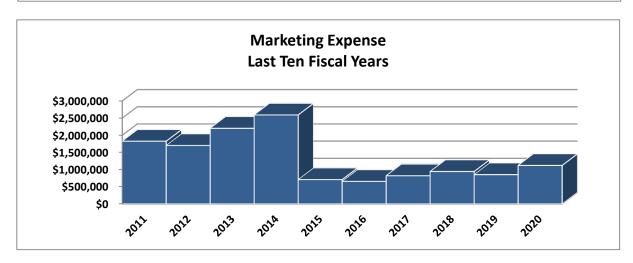
⁽¹⁾ This has been reclassified to conform to current year's classifications.

Expenses by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020

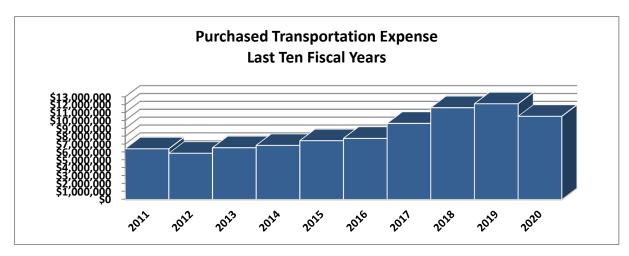


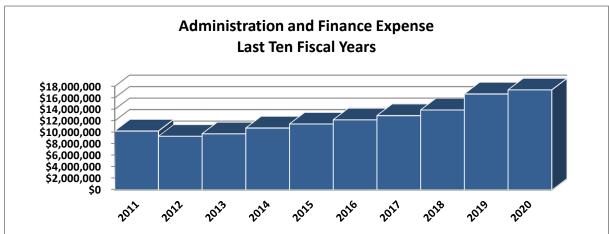


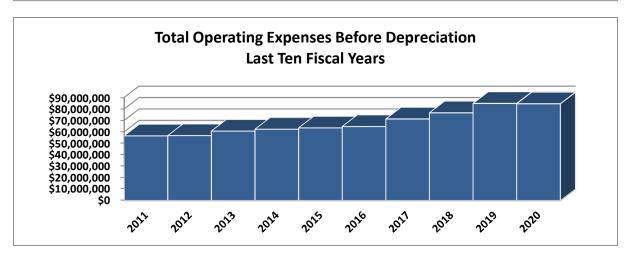


Expenses by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020





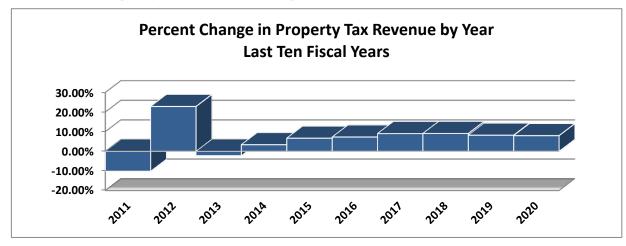


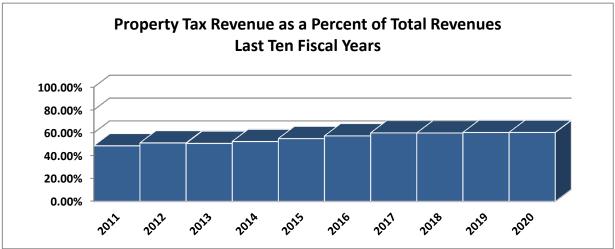
Property Tax Revenue by Year Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020

Fiscal Year	Property Tax Dollars	Percent Change	Total Revenues *	Percent of Total	Millage Rate
2011	26,868,560	-10.12%	55,264,284	48.62%	0.5601
2012	33,009,275	22.85%	64,524,242	51.16%	0.7305
2013	32,282,955	-2.20%	63,596,292	50.76%	0.7305
2014	33,365,462	3.35%	63,624,830	52.44%	0.7305
2015	35,592,336	6.67%	64,768,651	54.95%	0.7305
2016	38,166,312	7.23%	66,579,624	57.32%	0.7305
2017	41,607,265	9.02%	69,387,428	59.96%	0.7500
2018	45,389,030	9.09%	75,793,804	59.88%	0.7500
2019	49,113,559	8.21%	81,402,401	60.33%	0.7500
2020	53,031,249	7.98%	87,856,815	60.36%	0.7500

^{*} excludes capital grants and contributed capital.





STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Revenue Capacity

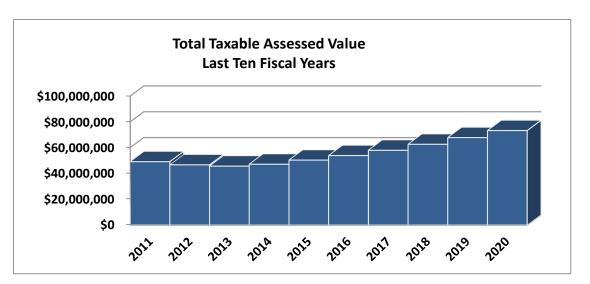
- ➤ Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Principal Property Taxpayers (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Property Tax Levies and Collections (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Farebox Recovery Percentage (FY 2011 FY 2020)

Taxable Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

|--|

Fiscal Year	Real Property	Centrally Assessed Property (b)	Exemptions (c)	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate (d)
2011	71,085,388	5,421	21,948,052	49,142,757	0.5601
2012	67,013,602	6,100	20,353,324	46,666,378	0.7305
2013	64,892,654	6,150	19,197,776	45,701,028	0.7305
2014	67,950,230	6,263	20,785,617	47,170,876	0.7305
2015	75,375,232	6,506	25,059,878	50,321,860	0.7305
2016	82,866,812	6,957	29,015,580	53,858,189	0.7305
2017	75,953,105	7,171	17,975,184	57,977,920	0.7500
2018	97,076,057	6,603	18,426,193	62,614,865	0.7500
2019	105,263,104	6,365	19,023,798	67,812,395	0.7500
2020	113,238,615	6,977	19,885,584	73,238,574	0.7500



Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser's Forms DR-403CC, DR-403V, DR-403AM and DR-403AC.

- (a) Section 192.001(2), Florida Statutes, defines assessed value of property as "an annual determination of the just or fair market of item or property...." Therefore, grossed assessed value is "Estimated Actual Value." Assessed value is estimated and adjusted annually with a physical inspection every third year.
- **(b)** Centrally assessed property is property that is assessed by the State of Florida rather than by the Property Appraiser since the property is located in more than one county. Real Property only included.
- (c) Exemptions are provided for agricultural, government, institutional and historic preservation property. Exemptions available solely to residential property include, but are not limited to, widows/widowers, disabled/blind, \$50,000 homestead and homestead differential (capped).
- (d) Total Direct Rate is the average of the direct rates levied (taxes levied to total taxable value). PSTA levies taxes only on real property within the PSTA's geographic area.

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (a) Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Mills, Per \$1,000 of Assessed Value)

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

	<u>D</u>	Direct Rates (a	a)		Overlapping Rates (b)								
			PSTA					Munic	ipalities				
Fiscal Year	Basic Rate	Total Direct Rate	Maximum Allowed Rate	County Board Rate	School Board Rate	Emergency Medical Service	Others District Rate (c)	Lowest	Highest				
2011	0.5601	0.5601	0.7500	4.8730	8.3400	0.5832	1.4410	0.7511	5.9125				
2011	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500	4.8730	8.3850	0.8506	1.2390	0.7511	5.9125				
2013	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500	5.0727	8.3020	0.9158	1.3034	0.7511	6.7742				
2014	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500	5.2755	8.0600	0.9158	1.2959	0.7511	6.7700				
2015	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500	5.2755	7.8410	0.9158	1.2799	0.7511	6.7700				
2016	0.7305	0.7305	0.7500	5.2755	7.7700	0.9158	1.2629	0.7283	6.7700				
2017	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	5.3377	7.3180	0.9158	1.2448	0.7294	6.7550				
2018	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	5.2755	7.0090	0.9158	1.2262	0.6594	6.7550				
2019	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	5.2755	6.7270	0.9158	1.2015	0.6737	6.7550				
2020	0.7500	0.7500	0.7500	5.2755	6.5840	0.9158	1.1932	0.6350	6.7550				

Source: Pinellas County Tax Collector

(c) Other Districts includes Pinellas County Planning Council 0.015; Juvenile Welfare Board 0.8981; SW Florida Water Management District 0.2801.

⁽a) Direct rates support the ad valorem revenue base recognized by PSTA.

⁽b) Overlapping rates are those rates levied by other local governments who overlap PSTA's geographic area.

Principal Property Taxpayers Fiscal Year 2020 and Nine Years Ago

2020 2011

Taxpayer	Business	 Taxable Assessed Value	Percentage of Total PSTA Taxable Assessed Value	A	Taxable ssessed Value	Percentage of Total PSTA Taxable Assessed Value
Bellwether Properties, Inc.	Real Estate	\$ 162,625,000	0.22%	\$	119,557,610	0.24%
Publix Super Markets, Inc.	Grocery	149,567,063	0.20%		52,732,000	0.11%
Wyndham Vacation Resorts Inc,	Real Estate	118,024,594	0.16%			
Wal-Mart Stores East, LP	Retail Stores	116,479,041	0.16%		69,639,786	0.14%
Camden USA Inc	Real Estate	108,400,000	0.15%			
De Bartolo Capital PTNSHP	Retail Mall	104,250,000	0.14%		115,500,000	0.24%
B W C W Hospitality LLC	Hospitality	101,216,627	0.14%			
Duke Energy Florida Inc.	Electric Utility	100,384,309	0.14%		68,344,738	0.14%
Raymond James & Associates, Inc.	Financial Services	96,226,170	0.13%		96,639,786	0.20%
K & P Clearwater Estate LLC	Real Estate	8,025,000	0.01%		, ,	
Largo Medical Center Inc.	Hospital				61,542,048	0.13%
Franklin/Templeton Investor Svc.	Financial Services				58,005,301	0.12%
Pinellas County	Government				52,654,110	0.11%
K B Parkside LLC	Real Estate				47,842,165	0.10%
		\$ 1,065,197,804	1.45%	\$	742,457,544	1.51%
Total Taxable Assessed Value		\$ 73,238,574,423		\$	49,142,757,008	

Source: Pinellas County Property Appraiser

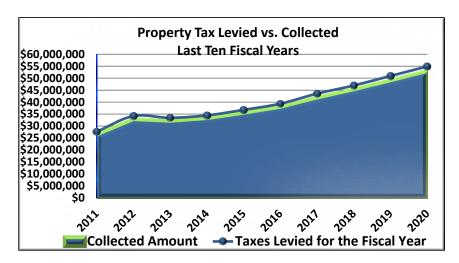
Methodology: Top ten taxpayers identified for Real Property only.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

Collected Within the Fiscal

	Year of Lev		Levy (a)	_	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year (b)	Collected Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years (c)	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2011	27,609,711	26,582,862	96.28%	84,751	26,667,613	96.59%	
2012	34,182,509	32,924,524	96.32%	64,634	32,989,158	96.51%	
2013	33,455,349	32,218,321	96.30%	52,495	32,270,816	96.46%	
2014	34,458,263	33,312,967	96.68%	33,011	33,345,978	96.77%	
2015	36,760,049	35,559,325	96.73%	88,692	35,648,017	96.97%	
2016	39,343,407	38,077,620	96.78%	148,565	38,226,184	97.16%	
2017	43,549,763	41,954,890	96.34%	84,224	42,039,114	96.53%	
2018	46,961,234	45,304,807	96.47%	41,325	45,346,132	96.56%	
2019	50,950,610	49,072,233	96.31%	69,291	49,141,524	96.45%	
2020	54,929,012	52,961,958	96.42%	-	52,961,958	96.42%	



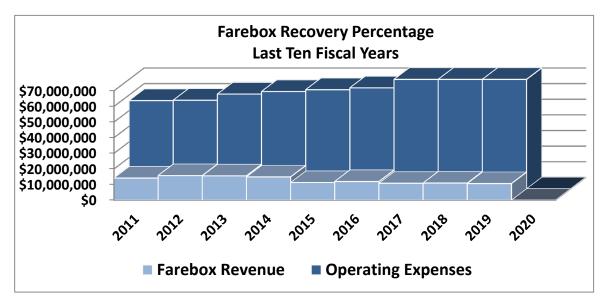
- (a) Section 197.162, Florida Statutes, provide a 1% per month discount up to 4% for payments between November and February. Taxes collected after July 1st are categorized as delinquent.
- **(b)** This is the revenue to be generated based on PSTA's direct rates; see page 79.
- (c) All delinquent tax collections received during the year are applied to Collections Amount the year prior to collection, regardless of the year in which the taxes were originally levied. Therefore this may result in the Percentage of Levy in Total Collections to be greater than 100%.

Delinquent taxes by levy year are not available.

Farebox Recovery Percentage Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020

Fiscal Year	Farebox Revenue	Percent Change	Operating Expenses (a)	Percent Change	Farebox Recovery
2011	14,216,452	18.42%	56,447,358	0.91%	25.19%
2012	15,776,093	10.97%	56,671,829	0.40%	27.84%
2013	15,615,184	-1.02%	60,600,800	6.93%	25.77%
2014	14,912,783	-4.50%	62,243,250	2.71%	23.96%
2015	11,338,796	-23.97%	63,401,568	1.86%	17.88%
2016	11,989,862	5.74%	64,582,580	1.86%	18.57%
2017	10,838,756	-9.60%	71,819,275	11.21%	15.09%
2018	10,974,717	1.25%	76,551,740	6.59%	14.34%
2019	10,663,635	-2.83%	84,735,054	10.69%	12.58%
2020	4,842,477	-54.59%	84,438,901	-0.35%	5.73%



(a) Excludes depreciation.

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Demographic and Economic Information

- ➤ Demographic and Economic Statistics (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- > Principal Employers (FY 2011 and FY 2020)

Demographics, Population and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

Fiscal Year	Population (a)	Personal Income (dollars in thousands) (b)	Per Capita Personal Income (b)	School Enrollment (c)	Unemployment Rate (d)
2020	984,925	N/A (e) N/A	(e) N/A	(e) 6.6%
2019	978,045	54,216,585	55,607	101,427	2.7%
2018	970,532	52,133,419	53,455	100,948	3.0%
2017	962,003	49,143,218	50,630	102,181	3.1%
2016	954,569	47,254,865	49,186	103,242	4.4%
2015	944,971	45,336,665	47,731	103,779	4.7%
2014	933,258	43,082,259	45,925	104,104	6.2%
2013	926,610	42,340,365	45,574	102,672	6.7%
2012	915,680	43,784,138	47,523	122,012	8.5%
2011	918,496	41,677,239	45,428	136,396	10.3%

⁽a) Source: Bureau of Economic & Business Research, University of Florida (2010-2019). Data available at State of Florida Office of Economic and Demographic Research.

⁽b) Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce (2010-2019).

⁽c) Source: The School Board of Pinellas County.

⁽d) Source: U.S. Department of Labor, September annually (not seasonally adjusted).

⁽e) Information not available.

Principal Employers FY 2020 and Nine Years Ago

2020 (a) 2011 (a)

	2020 (a)			2011 (a)				
Employer	Employees	R ank	Percentage of Total County Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
The Pinellas County School Board	15,000	1	3.08%	17,060	1	4.53%		
Publix Super Markets, Inc.	7,000	2	1.44%					
Pinellas County BBC	5,900	3	1.21%					
Raymond James Financial Inc.	4,000	4	0.82%	2,500	8	0.66%		
U.S. Dept. of Veteran Affairs	3,600	5	0.74%	4,581	2	1.22%		
City of St. Petersburg	3,500	6	0.72%	3,178	3	0.84%		
Walmart	3,000	7	0.62%					
John Hopkins All Children's Hospital	3,000	7	0.62%	2,600	6	0.69%		
Morton Plant Hospital	2,900	8	0.59%	2,600	7	0.69%		
St. Petersburg College	2,800	9	0.57%	2,478	9	0.66%		
Tech Data	2,100	10	0.43%					
HSN Inc.								
Pinellas County Sherriff Office				2,646	5	0.70%		
Pinellas County Government				2,693	4	0.71%		
Bayfront Medical Center				2,100	10	0.56%		
Total County Employment	487,540			376,967				

⁽a) Source: Florida Research and Economic Database and Pinellas County Department of Economic Development

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

Operating Information

- ➤ Bus Service Effort and Accomplishments Per Mile (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Bus Service Effort and Accomplishments Per Hour (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Unlinked Passenger Changes (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Vehicles Operated at Maximum Service (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Number of Employees (FY 2011 FY 2020)
- ➤ Miscellaneous Statistical Data (FY 2011 FY 2020)

Bus Service Effort and Accomplishments Per Mile Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

Fiscal Year		Revenue Vehicle Miles (a)	Percent of Change	Exp Per l	erating ense (b) Revenue Mile	Exp Per I	erating ense (b) Passenger Mile	Unlinked Passenger Trips Per Revenue Mile (c)
2011		8,796,952	-2.26%	\$	5.76	\$	0.71	1.45
2012		8,877,809	0.92%	\$	5.78	\$	0.72	1.54
2013		9,073,836	2.21%	\$	6.21	\$	0.78	1.56
2014		9,176,346	1.13%	\$	6.23	\$	0.83	1.55
2015		9,339,357	1.78%	\$	6.17	\$	0.85	1.56
2016	(d)	9,064,475	-2.94%	\$	6.25	\$	0.96	1.39
2017		8,635,597	-4.73%	\$	6.95	\$	1.08	1.32
2018	(e)	9,140,825	5.85%	\$	7.33	\$	1.23	1.22
2019		9,253,744	1.24%	\$	7.23	\$	1.09	1.24
2020		8,519,643	-7.93%	\$	9.05	\$	1.25	1.28

Source: PSTA

All bus data includes directly operated and purchased bus service.

N/A - Information not available.

⁽a) Does not include demand response.

⁽b) Operating expense excludes depreciation.

⁽c) Unlinked passenger figures count passengers each time that person boards a transit vehicle from the initial point of origin until he or she reaches a final destination.

⁽d) National Transportation Database revised reporting policy on two purchased bus service routes.

⁽e) Data revised.

Bus Service Effort and Accomplishments Per Hour Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

Fiscal Year		Revenue Vehicle Hours (a)	Percent of Change	Operating Expense (b) Per Revenue Hour		Operating Expense (b) Per Passenger Trip		Unlinked Passenger Trips Per Revenue Hour (c)	
2011		614,318	-2.25%	\$	82.45	\$	3.96	20.83	
2012		620,760	1.05%	\$	82.65	\$	3.74	22.09	
2013		636,039	2.46%	\$	85.83	\$	3.86	22.25	
2014		641,039	0.79%	\$	89.20	\$	4.03	22.13	
2015		651,199	1.58%	\$	88.50	\$	3.95	22.39	
2016	(d)	627,579	-3.63%	\$	90.25	\$	4.48	14.44	
2017		630,734	0.50%	\$	96.74	\$	5.26	18.38	
2018	(e)	675,662	7.12%	\$	99.18	\$	5.99	16.56	
2019		703,927	4.18%	\$	96.22	\$	5.81	16.57	
2020		626,988	-10.93%	\$	122.98	\$	7.25	16.96	

Source: PSTA

All bus data includes directly operated and purchased bus service.

⁽a) Does not include demand response.

⁽b) Operating expense excludes depreciation.

⁽c) Unlinked Passenger figures count passengers each time that person boards a transit vehicle from the initial point of origin until he or she reaches a final destination.

⁽d) National Transportation Database revised reporting policy on two purchased bus service routes.

N/A - Information not available.

Unlinked Passenger Changes Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

Fiscal Year	Bus (a)	Percent of Change
2011	12,798,221	-0.11%
2012	13,713,027	7.15%
2013	14,150,506	3.19%
2014	14,183,941	0.24%
2015	14,578,287	2.78%
2016	12,635,319 (b)	-13.33%
2017	11,591,012 (b)	-8.26%
2018	11,521,351 (b)	-0.60%
2019	11,663,314	1.23%
2020	10,635,563	-8.81%

Source: PSTA

All bus data includes directly operated and purchased bus service.

- (a) Unlinked passenger figures count passengers each time that person boards a transit vehicle from the initial point of origin until he or she reaches a final destination.
- (b) Data revised.
- (d) National Transportation Database revised reporting policy on two purchased bus service routes.

Vehicles Operated in Maximum Service Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 – 2020

Fiscal		Percent
Year	Bus (a)	of Change
2011	170	1.80%
2012	170	0.00%
2013	162 (b)	-4.71%
2014	167 (b)	3.09%
2015	167 (b)	0.00%
2016	164 (b)	-1.80%
2017	164 (b)	0.00%
2018	193 (b)	17.68%
2019	190	-1.55%
2020	178	-6.32%

Source: PSTA

- (a) Includes only buses in directly operated bus service.
- (b) Data revised.

PINELLAS SUNCOAST TRANSIT AUTHORITY Number of Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

Fiscal Year	Full-Time	Part-Time	Total	Percent of Change
2011	559	0	559	-2.95%
2012	556	0	556	-0.54%
2013	574	17	591	6.29%
2014	589	6	595	0.68%
2015	607	1	608	2.18%
2016	603	2	605	-0.49%
2017	606	2	608	0.50%
2018 a	608	2	610	0.33%
2019	618	3	621	1.80%
2020	631	3	634	2.09%

Source: PSTA

Note: Budgeted authorized positions.

a) Data revised

Miscellaneous Statistical Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Years 2011 - 2020

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Population served by Bus	922,616	922,616	922,616	933,258	944,971	954,569	962,003	970,532	978,025	984,925
Size of land area served by Bus (in square miles)	243	243	243	243	243	243	243	243	243	243
Number of Bus Routes	37	37	40	40	40	38	40	40	40	40
Annual PSTA Bus Passenger Miles (in millions) (Excludes Demand Response)	71,534	67,977	67,078	65,266	67,813	64,047	55,773	54,491	61,880	58,318
Miles of Bus Route - Directional Miles Average Annual On Time Performance Percentage	898.8 90.5	907.2 90.4	907.2 82.3	885.18 83.4	929.1 80.5	1,016.3 78.6	893.0 64.8	862.0 65.2	862.6 69.2	866.0 71.3
Number of Bus Stop Locations	5,159	5,105	5,141	5157	4,929	4,906	4,752	4,752	4,665	4,602
Number of Bus Park and Ride Facilities	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Transit Centers	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Transfer Hubs	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
Number of Passenger Shelters	742	707	707	707	682	531	530	530	537	537
No. of Buses in Active Fleet Average Vehicle Age (in years)	191 5.40	186 6.40	194 7.40	199 6.00	210 7.39	210 8.25	210 8.80	210 8.80	210 8.80	210 10.80
Net Investment in Capital Assets (in thousands)	\$ 78,170	\$ 76,412	\$ 86,157	\$ 79,199	\$ 83,810	\$ 76,019	\$ 75,914	\$ 75,484	\$ 86,662	\$ 85,483

Source: PSTA

N/A: Information not available.

SECTION V REGULATORY SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority St. Petersburg, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority aka: PSTA (the "Authority") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's financial statements, and have issued our reportthereon dated March 31, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, ininternal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective ofour audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances ofnoncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cherry Bekaert LLP

Tampa, Florida March 31, 2021



Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General

To the Board of Directors Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority St. Petersburg, Florida

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project

We have audited the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority aka: PSTA (the "Authority") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the requirements described in the Florida Department of Financial Services, *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs and state financial assistance projects for the year ended September 30, 2020. The Authority's major federal programs and state financial assistance projects are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal and state statues, regulations, and terms and conditions of its federal and state awards applicable to its federal programs and state assistance projects.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Authority's major federal programs and state financial assistance projects based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General ("Chapter 10,550"). Those standards, the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program or state financial assistance project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state financial assistance project. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal programs and state financial assistance projects for the year ended September 30, 2020.



Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit ofcompliance, we considered the Authority's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program and state financial assistance project to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and state financial assistance project and to test and report on internal controls over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliancedoes not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state financial assistance project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state financial assistance project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program and state financial assistance project that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that havenot been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Cherry Bekaert LLP

Tampa, Florida March 31, 2021

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results					
Financial Statement Section					
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unm	nodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	X	no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	х	none reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted	yes	X	no		
Federal Awards Programs and State Projects Section	า				
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes	x	no		
Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	yes	х	none reported		
Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 516(a) and Chapter 10.550	yes	x	no		
Identification of major federal programs and state pro	jects:				
Federal programs:					
CFDA Numbers	Name of Pro	gram or Clus	ter		
20.500, 20.507, 20.526	Federal Transit Cluster				
CSFA Numbers	Name	of Project			
55.001	State of Florida, Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip and Equipment Grant Program				
55.010	Public Transit Block Grant Program				

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Part I – Summary of Auditor's Results (continued)								
Dollar threshold used to determine Type A programs:								
Federal programs		\$ 75	50,000					
State projects		\$ 75	50,000					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for federal purposes?	х	yes _	no					

Part II – Schedule of Financial Statement Findings

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

There were no findings required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Part III - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal programs, as required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance.

There were no findings required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Part IV – Findings and Questioned Costs - Major State Financial Assistance Projects

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance, including questioned costs, related to the audit of major federal programs, as required to be reported by the Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

There were no findings required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

Summary Schedule of Prior Year Audit Findings

Major State Projects

Finding 2019-001: Allowable Costs & Period of Availability for Unit Based Ridership

State Agency: Florida Department of Transportation

State Program Title: Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (CTD) Trip

and Equipment Program

CSFA Number: 55.001

Grant Award Number(s): G0X56 and G1A57

Award Period: 7/1/2018-06/30/2019 and 7/1/2019-06/30/2020

Finding: Per Florida Statutes Chapter 427.0155 (7), F.A.C. 41-2.006 (4)U), the CTC, in cooperation with the coordinating board and pursuant to criteria developed by the Florida Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged (FCTD), must establish eligibility guidelines with regard to the recipients of non-sponsored transportation disadvantaged services that are purchased with Transportation Disadvantaged Trust Fund moneys. The Program Manual states that the two areas for which grant funds may be utilized include non-sponsored trips and capital equipment. A non-sponsored trip is a one-way trip for an eligible individual who meets the definition of transportation disadvantaged and is not sponsored by any other federal, state, or local government program. Per the contract agreements, there should be an approved eligibility application before a rider receives a non-sponsored service. In addition, documentation which supports the eligibility determination shall be maintained by the recipient as part of the rider's eligibility file. There were a number of instances in which the supporting documentation was missing for eligibility criteria or the application support on file was for a period after the data selected for testing.

Status: Implemented. The Authority has established a control to ensure all supporting documentation of eligibility determination is maintained for internal control purposes, grantor inspections, and other audits.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal or State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program title	CFDA# / CSFA#	Grant or Contract Number	State FPN Number	Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients
J.S. Department of Transportation:		114111001	- Transer	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Direct Program:					
Federal Transit Capital Investments Grant	20.500	FL 04-0135	- \$	35,428 \$	_
1	20.500	FL 2019-039	-	409,609	
Federal Transit Capital Investments Grant	20.500	FL 2020-071	-	1,354,178	_
Total CFDA 20,500				1,799,215	
					•
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 90-0723	-	180,738	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 90-0758	-	35,469	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 90-0841	-	435,246	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 90-0873	-	190,753	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2017-024	-	286,803	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2017-047	_	19,894	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2017-109	_	263,785	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2018-080	_	901,880	_
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2019-015	_	191,381	191,381
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2019-015	_	4,756,370	171,301
COVID-19-Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.507	FL 2020-072	-	10,399,671	-
Total CFDA 20.507	20.307	FL 2020-072		17,661,990	191,381
Total CFDA 20.307				17,001,990	191,361
Federal Transit Formula Grant	20.526	FL 2018-064		131,357	
Total CFDA 20.526	20.320	FL 2016-004	-	131,357	
Total CFDA 20.320				151,557	
Total Federal Transit Cluster				19,592,562	191,381
	20.525	EI 2020 000		165.201	
Federal Transit Emergency Relief	20.527	FL 2020-008	-	165,291	
Total CFDA 20.527				165,291	
Federal Transit Public Transportation Research	20.514	EL 2017 021		127.254	
Total CFDA 20.514	20.514	FL 2017-031	-	137,354	
Total CFDA 20.314				137,334	
$Passed\ through\ the\ Florida\ Department\ of\ Transportation:$					
Mobility Managment Program:					
Section 5310 Program	20.513	G1401	440952-1-94-03	41,369	-
Mobility Management Program:					
Section 5310 Program	20.513	G1I88	440952-1-94-04	30,262	-
Dunedin/Palm Harbor Connector					
Section 5310 Program	20.513	G1400	437521-1-84-05	142,340	-
Same Day Service Pilot Project					
Section 5310 Program	20.513	G1I30	437521-1-84-50	17,558	-
Total Transit Services Program	m Cluster			231,529	
Passed through Pinellas County Metropolitan Planning Orga					
Section 5305(d) Planning Grant	20.505	G1G93	-	80,000	
Total U.S. Department of Tra	nsportation			20,206,736	191,381
Total Expenditures of Federal	Awards		\$	20,206,736 \$	191,381

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal or State Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program title	CFDA# / CSFA#	Grant or Contract Number	State FPN Number	Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients
Florida Department of Transportation	001111		1,4111001	Expenditures	Subrecipients
Direct Program:					
Commuter Assistance Program	55.007	G0Z48	412533-1-84-19 \$	32,000 \$	-
Total CFSA 55.007			•	32,000	
			•		
Public Transit Block Grant Program	55.010	G1C17	402513-1-84-20	4,709,570 \$	
Total CFSA 55.010				4,709,570	
Public Transit Service Development Program	55.012	G0Z47	441989-1-84-19	214,315	_
Public Transit Service Development Program	55.012	G1B92	437245-2-94-01	260,423	
Total CSFA 55.012				474,738	
			•		
Transit Corridor Program (North County - Curlew Road)	55.013	G1C22	430320-1-84-20	220,000	-
Transit Corridor Program (Route 100X)	55.013	G1C18	410695-1-84-20	160,000	-
Transit Corridor Program (Route 100X Extension)	55.013	G1C21	430319-1-84-20	121,157	-
Transit Corridor Program (Route 300X)	55.013	G1C19	418265-1-84-20	165,000	
Total CFSA 55.013			•	666,157	
Total Florida Department of Trans	portation			5,882,465	
State of Florida, Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged Direct Program:					
Trips & Equipment FY 2019/2020	55.001	G1A57	202718401 / 4320281840	2,634,300	-
Trips & Equipment FY 2020/2021	55.001	G1O24	202718401 / 4320281840	502,997	-
Total CSFA 55.001				3,137,297	
Innovation and Service Development Grant (TD Late Shift)	55.045	G1G89	44583618401	309,551	_
Innovation and Service Development Grant (TD Late Shift)	55.045	G1O42	44583618401	86,566	_
Innovation and Service Development Grant (TD Connect)	55.045	G1G90	44583618401	886	_
Innovation and Service Development Grant (TD Connect)	55.045	G1O43	44583618401	2,106	-
Total CSFA 55.045			•	399,109	
Total Commission for the Transportation Disadvantaged				3,536,405	
Total Expenditures of Florida State	Financial Assis	stance	\$	9,418,871 \$	
Total Expenditures	of Federal Awa	rds and State	Financial Assistance \$	29,625,607 \$	191,381

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year Ended September 30, 2020

(1) **Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance includes all federal and state grant activity of the Authority and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR 200 Uniform Guidance, and Chapter 10.550 of the *Rules of the Auditor General*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

(2) Capital Assets

Approximately \$1.5 million in capital assets was purchased using federal grant awards during the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. These amounts have been capitalized for financial statement purposes and reflected as Capital Assets on the Statement of Net Position.

(3) Subrecipients

For the year ending September 30, 2020, there was \$191,381 transferred to a subrecipient relating to the FTA Urbanized Area Formula (UAFP) Program (5307).

(4) Indirect Cost Rate

The Authority has not elected to use the 10% de minimus cost rate.

(5) Grant Contingencies

Expenditures financed by capital and operating assistance grants are subject to audit and acceptance by the granting agency. Any disallowed expenditure may need to be repaid to the granting agency; however, it is management's opinion that no material liabilities will result from any such audits.



Independent Auditor's Management Letter

To the Board of Directors Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority St. Petersburg, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of the Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority aka: PSTA (the "Authority"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and have issued our report thereon dated March 31, 2021.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued bythe Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"); and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Reporting Requirements

We have issued our Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Report of Independent Auditor on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and State Financial Assistance Project and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General of the state of Florida; Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs; and Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Polices, regarding compliance in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 31, 2021, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial auditreport. Corrective action has been taken to address the finding and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Official Title and Legal Authority

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The Authority was established pursuant to the constitution and laws of Florida, particularly Chapter 91-368, Laws of Florida, as amended, revising and consolidating Chapter 31263, Special Laws of Florida, 1955. There were no component units related to the Authority.



Financial Condition and Management

Section 10.554(1)(i)5.a. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, require us to apply appropriate procedures and communicate the results of our determination as to whether or not the Authority has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined the Authority did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)5.b. and 10.556(8), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the Authority. It is management's responsibility to monitor the Authority's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we communicate any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Additional Matters

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires us to communicate noncompliance with provisionsof contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Authority's Board members, and applicable management and is not intended tobe, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Cherry Belaurt LLP Tampa, Florida March 31, 2021



Report of Independent Accountant on Compliance with Local Government Investment Policies

To the Board of Directors Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority St. Petersburg, Florida

We have examined Pinellas Suncoast Transit Authority's aka: PSTA (the "Authority") compliance with the local government investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2020. Management of the Authority is responsible for the Authority's compliance with the specified requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Authority's compliance with the specified requirements based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the specified requirements referenced above. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about whether the Authority complied with the specified requirements. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgement, including an assessment of the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error. We believe the evidence obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

Our examination does not provide a legal determination on the Authority's compliance with the specified requirements.

In our opinion, the Authority complied, in all material respects, with the local investment policy requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, during the year ended September 30, 2020.

The purpose of this report is to comply with the audit requirements of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, and Rules of the Auditor General.

Cherry Belaurt LLP Tampa, Florida March 31, 2021